CORRECTION

Correction: An Extracellular Subtilase Switch for Immune Priming in Arabidopsis

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The authors would like to correct [Fig 2](#). The figure contains two errors. In [Fig 2A](#), the sbt3.4–2 representative picture was duplicated from Figure 5A (NPR1-H). These errors occurred during assembly of the final figure. Additionally, in [Fig 2C](#), the middle Ponceau panel (ssbt3.3–1 experiment) was duplicated in the bottom Ponceau panel (sbt3.3–2 experiment). The authors have provided a corrected [Fig 2](#) here. The authors confirm that these changes do not alter their findings. The authors have provided raw, uncropped blots as Supporting Information.

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Fig 2. SBT3.3 loss of function increases disease susceptibility to *P. syringae* DC3000 and *H. arabidopsis*. (A) Five-week-old plants were inoculated with PsDC3000. Zero (white bars), three (grey bars) and five (black bars) days after inoculation, the bacterial growth was measured. Error bars represent standard deviation ($n = 12$). Asterisks indicate statistical differences to Col-0 ($P < 0.05$) using Student's t test. Below are representatives of inoculated leaves of the indicated genotypes. (B) Quantification of *H. arabidopsis* conidia development on Col-0, and *sbt3.3-1* and *sbt3.3-2* mutants. Asterisks indicate statistically different distributions of disease severity classes compared with Col-0 plants (χ^2 test; $\alpha = 0.05$). (C) Western blots with anti-PR1 antibodies reveals inhibition of PR1 induced accumulation in *npr1*, *sbt3.3-1* and *sbt3.3-2* mutant plants, compared to Col-0, following inoculation with PsDC3000. The experiments were repeated three times with similar results. (D–E) Time-course RT-qPCR analysis showing PR-1 (D) and SBT3.3 (E) gene expression in Col-0, *sbt3.3-1*, and *npr1-1* plants after infection with PsDC3000. Data represent the mean $\pm$ SD; $n = 3$ replicates and gene expression given as in Fig 1.

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Supporting Information

S1 File. Raw, uncropped blots.
(PDF)

Reference

1. Ramírez V, López A, Mauch-Mani B, Gil MJ, Vera P (2013) An Extracellular Subtilase Switch for Immune Priming in Arabidopsis. PLoS Pathog 9(6): e1003445. doi: [10.1371/journal.ppat.1003445](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.ppat.1003445) PMID: [23818851](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23818851/)