

S2 Table. Study characteristics, papers on psychotropics except for antidepressants.

Reference	Country/setting	Study design	Exposure/ duration	Outcome/assessor <i>Name of the scale</i>	Sample size/exposed	Effect estimate, Exposed/unexposed Adjusted effect estimates where available	Cohen's d*
Assessment using psychometric instruments							
i. Assessment by health care professional							
<i>Infant (<2 years)</i>							
Platt 1989 [114]	USA/Collaborative Perinatal Project	Cohort	Antipsychotic/ long term (more than 2 months)	Motor skills <i>/BSID</i>	308/not reported	Percentage with failures on motor assessment <i>Gross motor</i> 82.5%/69.8% <i>Fine motor</i> Not reported	-†
Peng 2013 [113]	China/ Second Xiang-ya Hospital	Cohort	Antipsychotics/ throughout pregnancy	General development/ <i>BSID-III</i>	152/76	Mean (SD) <i>Motor scale</i> 101.59 (8.53)/103.68 (7.19) <i>Cognitive scale</i> 100.99 (8.17)/103.11 (7.84) <i>Language scale</i> 97.26 (6.79)/98.18 (7.18) <i>Adaptive scale</i> 99.80 (8.56)/101.24 (5.83) <i>Social-emotional scale</i> 102.54 (9.72)/104.50 (8.63)	-0.26 -0.26 -0.13 -0.20 -0.26
Johnson 2012 [73]	USA/ Emory Women's Mental Health Program and community cohort	Cohort	Antipsychotics/ any (median 32 weeks)	Motor skills <i>/Infant Neurological International Battery</i>	97/21	Mean (SE) 63.86 (1.78)/70.12 (1.03)	-0.71
Mortensen 2003 [81]	Denmark/ National Health Service in North Jutland County	Cohort, registry based	Antipsychotics/ any duration Benzodiazepines/ any duration	Motor skills <i>/ Boel test</i>	818/63 837/82	OR (95% CI) of abnormal test result Antipsychotics 4.1 (1.3 to 13.0) Benzodiazepines 7.7 (3.0 to 19.3)	0.78 ^{High} 1.13 ^{High}

Oberlander 2004 [87]	Canada/ Reproductive mental health program at British Columbia Women's Hospital	Cohort	Clonazepam in combination with SSRI/mean duration 81 to 127 days compared to exposed to SSRI only	Cognition/ <i>BSID-II</i>	46/18	Mean (SD) <i>Motor skills</i> 93.1 (8.6)/91.5 (9.6) <i>Mental development</i> 97.2 (4.5)/100.7 (6.4)	0.17 -0.61
Reebye 2002 [92]	Canada/ Children's and Women's Health Centre of British Columbia	Cohort	Clonazepam in combination with SSRI/any duration compared to exposed to SSRI only	Overall development/ <i>BSID-II</i>	38/14	Mean (SD) <i>Motor skills</i> 102 (6.3)/106 (5.4) <i>Mental development</i> 93 (5.1)/98 (8.1)	-0.70 -0.70
Reebye 2012 [38]	Canada/ Reproductive Mental Health Program at St. Paul's Hospital and British Columbia's Women's Hospital	Cohort	Clonazepam in combination with SSRI/throughout pregnancy compared to exposed to SSRI only	Overall development/ <i>BSID-II</i>	37/15	Mean (SD) <i>Motor skills</i> 93 (8.6)/91 (9.5) <i>Mental development</i> 97 (47.5)/100 (6.1)	0.22 -0.54
Viggedal 1993 [40]	Sweden/Gothen-burg cohort	Cohort	Benzodiazepines/more than 5 DDD in early pregnancy (not further specified)	General development/ <i>Griffiths' mental development scale I</i> Behaviour/ <i>Neuropsychological assessment</i>	41/16	Mean (SD) 101.7 (7.9)/107.6 (8.3) Percentage with hyperactive [inactive] symptoms 31% [19%]/16% [4%] Percentage with short [long] attention span 31% [19%]/8% [4%]	-0.72 0.36 ^{High} [0.45] ^{High} 0.58 ^{High} [0.45] ^{High}
Gidai 2008a [105]	Hungary/Korányi Hospital	Cohort	Alprazolam/ high doses used for suicide attempt versus unexposed siblings	Cognition/ <i>Hungarian development test</i> Behaviour/ <i>Behavioural style questionnaire</i>	20/9	Mean (SD) 96.7 (6.2)/97.3 (6.1) Percentage with behavioural deviation 11%/27%	-0.10 -0.43 ^{High}
Gidai 2008b [106]	Hungary/Korányi Hospital	Cohort	Medazepam/ high doses used for suicide attempt versus unexposed	Cognition/ <i>Hungarian development test</i> Behaviour/ <i>Behavioural style questionnaire</i>	19/9	Mean (SD) 100.0 (1.0)/98.5 (4.7) Percentage with behavioural deviation 22%/10%	0.43 0.33 ^{High}

			siblings				
Gidai 2008c [107]	Hungary/Korányi Hospital	Cohort	Chlordiazepoxide/high doses used for suicide attempt versus unexposed siblings	Cognition/ <i>Hungarian development test</i> Behaviour/ <i>Behavioural style questionnaire</i>	52/31	Mean (SD) 101.4 (9.8)/95.0 (2.0) Percentage with behavioural deviation 19%/24%	0.83 -0.11 ^{High}
Timmermann 2008b [112]	Hungary/Korányi Hospital	Cohort	Meprobamate/high doses used for suicide attempt compared to unexposed siblings	Cognition/ <i>Hungarian development test</i> Behaviour/ <i>Behavioural style questionnaire</i>	56/31 54/31	Mean (SD) 99.2 (8.1)/97.8 (8.8) Percentage with behavioural deviation 26%/22%	0.17 0.10 ^{High}
Laegreid 1992 [108]	Sweden/Gothenburg cohort	Cohort	Benzodiazepines/regular use (not defined further)	Motor skills / <i>Touwen Neurologic Assessment</i> <i>Clinical neurologic assessment</i>	42/16	Mean (SD) <i>Posture and motility</i> 69.56 (5.03)/72.92 (2.08) Percentage with slow [stereotyped] movements 31% [13%]/4% [0%] Percentage with normal walking pattern 63%/100%	-0.96 0.71 ^{High} [0.48] ^{High} -0.98
Petik 2008a [115]	Hungary/Korányi Hospital	Cohort	Glutethimide/high doses used for suicide attempt compared to unexposed siblings	Cognition/ <i>Hungarian development test</i> Behaviour/ <i>Behavioural style questionnaire</i>	26/14 22/12	Mean (SD) 100.4 (10.8)/98.8 (9.6) Percentage with behavioural deviation 33%/30%	0.16 0.07 ^{High}
Petik 2008b [116]	Hungary/Korányi Hospital	Cohort	Amobarbital/high doses used for suicide attempt compared to unexposed siblings	Cognition/ <i>Hungarian development test</i> Behaviour/ <i>Behavioural style questionnaire</i>	21/11 13/8	Mean (SD) 96.4 (8.4)/100.0 (12.2) Percentage with behavioural deviation 40%/60%	-0.35 -0.46 ^{High}
Timmermann 2008a [117]	Hungary/Korányi Hospital	Cohort	Barbital, hexobarbital, butobarbital/high doses used for suicide attempt compared	Cognition/ <i>Hungarian development test</i>	8/5 8/4	Mean (SD) Barbital 90.8 (18.8)/95.0 (8.7) Hexobarbital 92.5 (8.7)/96.3 (7.5)	-0.26 -0.47

			to unexposed siblings		6/3	Butobarbital 100.0 (0)/ 100.0 (0)	undefined
				Behaviour/ <i>Behavioural style questionnaire</i>	5/3	Percentage with behavioural deviation Barbital 33%/100%	-2.24 ^{High}
					8/4	Hexobarbital 25%/25%	0.00 ^{High}
					6/3	Butobarbital 33%/66%	-0.71 ^{High}
<i>Preschool (2-5 years)</i>							
Hurault-Delarue 2016 [69]	France/ EFEMERIS database	Cohort, reg- istry based	Antipsychotics/ any in 2 nd or 3 rd trimester	Overall develop- ment/ <i>Compulsory medi- cal exam</i>	32 373/70	Percentage with delayed development Antipsychotics <i>Motor</i> 2.1%/0.4%	0.10 ^{High}
						<i>Mental</i> 2.1%/1.0%	0.06 ^{High}
			Anxiolytics, in- cluding hypnot- ics/any in 2 nd or 3 rd trimester		32 303/28 1	Anxiolytics <i>Motor</i> 1.7%/0.4%	0.08 ^{High}
						<i>Mental</i> 1.7%/1.0%	0.04 ^{High}
Schechter 2017 [94]	USA/ Emory Wom- en's Mental Health Program and commu- nity cohort	Cohort	Antipsychotics/ any duration	Cognition/ <i>DAS</i>	162/not reported	Pearson correlation Antipsychotics -0.09	-†
			Anxiolytics/ any duration			Anxiolytics -0.19	
			Hypnotics/ any duration			Hypnotics -0.04	
Hartz 1975 [35]	USA/Collaborative Perinatal Project	Cohort	Meprobamate, chlordiazepox- ide/any duration	Cognition/ <i>Stanford Binet Intelligence Scale</i>	28 453/69 4	Mean Meprobamate 96.7/96.9	-†
					28 453/43 5	Chlordiazepoxide 96.7/96.9	
<i>School child (6-12 years)</i>							
Platt 1989 [114]	USA/Collaborative	Cohort	Antipsychotic/	Motor skills	308/not	Not reported, as only statistically signifi-	-†

Perinatal Project			long term (more than 2 months)	/Paediatric neurologic assessment	reported	cant results are reported.	
Adolescent (13-18 years)							
Mattson 2002 [79]	USA/ California TIS and Clinical Research Program	Cohort	Benzodiazepi- nes/at least one 1 st trimester exposure	Cognition/ <i>WISC-III</i>	107/25	Mean 100.2/105.7	-†
ii. Assessment by parents							
Infant (<2 years)							
Reebye 2002 [92]	Canada/ Children’s and Women’s Health Centre of British Co- lumbia	Cohort	Clonazepam in combination with SSRI/any duration compared to ex- posed to SSRI only	Behaviour/ <i>Early Infancy Temperament Question- naire</i>	38/14	Percentage with difficult temperament 31%/0%	0.80 ^{High}
Preschool (2-5 years)							
Lupattelli 2019 [109]	Norway/MoBa	Cohort	Benzodiazepi- nes/any in mid- pregnancy (week 17-28) or late pregnancy (week 29 and later)	Motor skills/ <i>ASQ</i>	4 183/28	Beta (95% CI) <i>Gross motor</i> Mid -0.47 (-0.78 to -0.17) Late 0.80 (0.12 to 1.48) <i>Fine motor</i> Mid -0.30 (-0.76 to 0.15) Late 0.74 (-0.12 to 1.60) <i>Communication</i> Mid -0.15 (-0.43 to 0.13) Late 0.06 (-0.16 to 0.27) <i>ADHD traits</i> Mid -0.24 (-0.63 to 0.15) Late	-0.57 ^{High} <

			only			58.44 (9.10)/54.92 (6.22) <i>Emotionally reactive</i>	0.47 ^{High}
						61.00 (15.17)/55.08 (7.21) <i>Anxious/depressed</i>	0.53 ^{High}
						59.11 (10.80)/56.46 (7.46)	0.30 ^{High}
Odsbu 2015 [110]	Norway/MoBa	Cohort	Benzodiazepi- nes/one period and two/three periods	Language/ <i>Language competence questionnaire</i>	51 411/31 6	OR (95%) of low language competence One period 1.0 (0.7 to 1.3) Two/three periods 1.3 (0.8 to 2.3)	0.00 ^{High} 0.14 ^{High}
<i>School child (6-12 years)</i>							
Radojčić 2017 [111]	The Netherlands/ Generation R	Cohort	Benzodiazepi- nes/any	Behaviour/ <i>CBCL</i>	4 553/79	Beta (95% CI) <i>ODD subscale</i> 0.23 (-0.30 to 0.76) <i>Anxiety subscale</i> 0.35 (-0.13 to 0.83)	0.10 ^{High} 0.16 ^{High}

iii. Assessment by teachers/others

Preschool (2-5 years)

Misri 2006 [80]	Canada/ Reproductive mental health program at British Columbia Women's Hospital	Cohort	Clonazepam in combination with SSRI/ mean duration 137 days compared to exposed to SSRI only	Behaviour and emotion- ality/teachers <i>CBCL</i>	22/9	<i>Internalising</i> 52.17 (14.16)/53.73 (7.77) <i>Somatic complaints</i> 52.33 (5.72)/52.91 (4.30) <i>Withdrawn</i> 55.33 (5.68)/54.82 (4.67) <i>Emotionally reactive</i> 57.50 (8.19)/54.64 (7.53) <i>Anxious/depressed</i> 59.17 (10.40)/56.64 (7.31)	-0.14 ^{High} -0.12 ^{High} 0.10 ^{High} 0.37 ^{High} 0.29 ^{High}
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School child (6-12 years)

Radojčić 2017 [111]	The Netherlands/ Generation R	Cohort	Benzodiazepi- nes/any duration	Behaviour/teachers <i>CBCL</i>	3 225/62	Beta (95% CI) <i>ODD subscale</i> 0.37 (-0.07 to 0.82) <i>Anxiety subscale</i> 0.10 (-0.25 to 0.44)	0.21 ^{High} 0.07 ^{High}
				Behaviour/parent and	5 287/96	<i>Aggressive behaviour</i>	

teacher, *CBCL* 0.75 (-0.28 to 1.77) 0.15^{High}

Assessment using medical diagnosis

Figueroa 2010 [56]	USA/MarketScan claims data	Cohort, registry based	Benzodiazepines, any	ADHD/diagnosis	36 925/31 1	OR (95% CI) 1.82 (0.86 to 3.85)	0.33 ^{High}
Janecka 2018 [72]	Israel/Meuhedet health maintenance organisation	Case-control, registry based	Lithium/any	ASD	1 426/21	HR (95% CI) 4.23 (0.58 to 30.9)	0.82 ^{High}

Reference numbers in brackets refer to the reference list in the article.

* Effect sizes (Cohen's d) were calculated using the metaeff package (1) for Stata (2).^{High} indicates that higher/more positive values mean a higher risk among the exposed. For the remaining values, a higher value means lower risk among the exposed. Traditionally, a Cohen's d with an absolute value of 0.2 is considered a small effect, 0.5 a medium effect and 0.8 or above a large effect.(3) Only results for the oldest age band are presented here, if a paper had assessed children at multiple time points using the same outcome measure.

† Not enough information to calculate Cohen's d.

ADHD: Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder, BRIEF: Behaviour Rating Inventory of Executive Function, ASQ: Ages and Stages Questionnaire, BSID: Bayley Scales of Infant Development, CBCL: Child Behaviour Checklist, CPRS:R: Conners' Parent Rating Scale, revised, DAS: Differential ability scales, MoBa: Norwegian Mother and Child Cohort, ODD: Oppositional defiant disorder, RCT: Randomised controlled trial, SDQ: Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire, TIS: Teratogen information service, WISC: Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children.

References:

1. Kontopantelis E, Reeves D. METAEFF: Stata module to perform effect sizes calculations for meta-analyses [Internet]. 2011 [cited 2018 Jul 6]. Available from: <http://EconPapers.repec.org/RePEc:boc:bocode:s457072>
2. StataCorp. Stata Statistical Software: Release 15. College Station, TX: StataCorp LP; 2017.
3. Fritz CO, Morris PE, Richler JJ. Effect size estimates: Current use, calculations, and interpretation. J Exp Psychol Gen. 2012;141(1):2–18.