**S5 Table: 5 and 10-year cumulative incidence rates of liver-related mortality in patients with ALD, HCV and NAFLD-related cirrhosis**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Characteristics** | **Whole study population** | ***p-Value*** |
| **Patients with ALD-related cirrhosis** |  | 0.007 |
| 5-year cumulative incidence rate of liver-related mortality (95% CI) | 27.4% (23.2 – 31.6) |
| 10-year cumulative incidence rate of liver-related mortality (95% CI) | 42.0% (36.9 – 47.1) |
| **Patients with HCV-related cirrhosis** |  |
| 5-year cumulative incidence rate of liver-related mortality (95% CI) | 15.0% (8.9 – 21.1) |
| 10-year cumulative incidence rate of liver-related mortality (95% CI) | 29.6% (21.3 – 37.9) |
| **Patients with NAFLD-related cirrhosis** |  |
| 5-year cumulative incidence rate of liver-related mortality (95% CI) | 15.2% (6.2 – 24.2) |
| 10-year cumulative incidence rate of liver-related mortality (95% CI) | 26.8% (13.6 – 40.0) |

Abbreviations: ALD, alcoholic liver disease; CI, confidence interval; HCV, hepatitis C virus; NAFLD, non-alcoholic fatty liver disease