Supplemental Material: Childhood Hematologic Cancer and Residential Proximity to Oil and Gas Development in Rural Colorado

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S2 Table: Adjusted logistic regression model 1 for association between annual inverse distance weighted well count within 16.1-kilometer radius of residence at diagnosis averaged over exposure period and acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL)

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Odds Ratio Estimates			
Effect	Point Estimate	95% Wald Confidence Limits	
Low Tertile ^a	2.3	0.94	5.5
Medium Tertile ^a	2.6	1.1	6.3
High Tertile ^a	1.9	0.78	4.8
White Hispanic ^b	0.64	0.30	1.4
Other race ^b	1.6	0.68	3.8
Female ^c	0.79	0.47	1.3
0-4 years ^d	25	7.6	85
5-9 years ^d	42	12	150
10 -14 years ^d	11	3.1	42
15-19 years ^d	5.4	1.4	20
≥9000 feet ^e	3.5	0.97	13
Zip code level income 21-40 percentile ^f	0.77	0.29	2.1
Zip code level income 41-60 percentile ^f	0.68	0.23	2.1
Zip code level income 61-80 percentile ^f	0.79	0.29	2.2
Zip code level income 81-100 percentile	0.91	0.33	2.5

^a low = first tertile, greater than 0 to 2.7 wells per 1.6 kilometers, medium = second tertile, 2.7 to 31.4 wells per 1.6 kilometers, high = third tertile, more than 31.4 wells per 1.6 kilometers. ^bReference group is white non-Hispanics. ^cReference group is males. ^dReference group is 20-24 years. ^eReference group is < 9000 feet. ^fReference group is 0-20 percentile.