**S6 Table. Comparison of SPoRT to Ideal Cardiovascular Health, developed by the American Heart Association.**

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|  | **SPoRT algorithm** | **Ideal Cardiovascular Health** |
| **Risk factorsa** |  |  |
| Health behaviours(Proximal risks) | SmokingDietPhysical activityAlcoholStress | SmokingDietbPhysical activity |
| Clinical and laboratory(Intermediary and distal risks) | *Ascertained using self-reports*Body Mass IndexHypertensionDiabetes | *Ascertained using physical measures*Body Mass IndexBlood pressureFasting plasma glucoseTotal cholesterol |
| Sociodemographic risk factors | AgeSex  | Not applicable |
| **Risk factor scoring** |  |  |
| Risk factor value (for each risk factor) | 0 to 4Varies for each risk factor depending on hazard. | Binary value (yes, no)Based on meeting healthy definition. |
| Summary score | 5-year risk (%), orRisk categories (e.g., > 10%). | Score from 1 (ideal) to 7 |
| **Target population** | General population of adults without cardiovascular disease. | Same, except children included |

a SPoRT uses self-reports for all measures, Ideal Cardiovascular Health uses both self-reported and clinical/physical measures. E.g., “have you been diagnosed with blood pressure (SPoRT) versus blood pressure <120/<80 mmHg (Ideal Cardiovascular Health).

b Ideal Cardiovascular Health measures healthy diet score using 5 aspects of diet.