Table S1. Baseline characteristics of the study population included and excluded in the current study

Characteristic	Included (<i>n</i> =127)	Excluded (<i>n</i> =26)	P value*	
Male, no. (%)	69 (54.3)	12 (46.2)	.45	
Parental asthma history, no. (%)	6 (4.7)	0 (0)	.52	
Fetal tobacco smoke exposure, no. (%)†	22 (17.3)	4 (15.4)	.81	
Environmental tobacco smoke exposure, no. (%)‡	34 (26.8)	7 (26.9)	.99	
Pet ownership, no. (%)§	30 (23.6)	4 (15.4)	.36	
Breast-fed, no. (%)	73 (57.5)	14 (53.9)	.38	
Cockroach sensitization, no. (%)	3 (2.4)	0 (0)	.01	
Maternal education > 12 years, no. (%)	39 (30.7)	9 (34.6)	.85	
Age, mean± SD	7.7 ± 0.6	7.5 ± 0.6	.11	

^{2 *}P value were based on Chi-square test and Fisher's exact test for categorical variables, and t-test for continuous variables.

^{3 †}Active maternal smoking during pregnancy or presence of a smoker in the home during pregnancy.

^{4 ‡}Active maternal smoking during the first year after delivery, current maternal smoking, or presence of a smoker in the home after delivery until

⁵ the present time.

^{6 §}Having had a pet dog or cat after delivery until the present time.

- 7 | Size of the wheal produced by the cockroach antigen \geq 3mm and larger than size of the wheal produced by histamine.
- 8 **Table S2.** Association of urinary BPA concentrations (log transformed, μg BPA/g creatinine) at 7-8 years with incident asthma and PC₂₀ over 11-

9 12 years of age stratified by gender

	Asthma		PC_{20}			
	HR (95% CI)*	P value	ß (SE)†	P value		
Overall	2.13 (1.51-3.00)	<.001	-2.33 (0.98)	0.02		
Male	2.25 (0.67-7.55)	0.19	-2.78 (1.69)	0.11		
Female	2.45 (2.18-2.76)	<.001	-2.59 (1.45)	0.09		

- 10 HR, hazard ratio.
- *Marginal Cox model considering grade-at-enrollment clustering adjusted for gender, parental asthma history, fetal and environmental tobacco
- smoke exposure, and pet ownership.
- † Linear mixed model with a random effect of grade-at-enrollment clustering adjusted for gender, parental asthma history, fetal and
- environmental tobacco smoke exposure, and pet ownership.

Table S3. Association of urinary BPA concentrations (log transformed, μg BPA/g creatinine) at 7-8 years with wheezing, PC₂₀, and asthma at 7-8,
9-10, and 11-12 years of age, including the children who had been diagnosed with asthma before 7–8 years of age

		Wheeze*			PC ₂₀ †	
Age (years)	No.‡	OR (95%CI)	P value	No.‡	ß (SE)	P value
7–8	13/130	1.38 (0.53–3.62)	.52	71	-2.05 (1.23)	.10
9–10	12/131	3.48 (1.20–10.09)	.02	22	-6.19 (2.40)	.02
11–12	10/132	1.71 (0.67–4.34)	.26	15	-2.92 (3.46)	.43

^{*}Logistic regression model adjusted for gender, parental asthma history, fetal and environmental tobacco smoke exposure, pet ownership, and

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²⁰ grade at enrollment.

[†]Linear regression model adjusted for gender, parental asthma history, fetal and environmental tobacco smoke exposure, pet ownership, and

²² grade at enrollment.

^{23 *}Number with outcome/total number for analysis.

Table S4. Association of urinary BPA concentrations (log transformed, μg BPA/g creatinine) at 7-8 years with wheezing, PC₂₀, and current asthma at 7-8, 9-10, and 11-12 years of age, excluding the children who satisfied the criteria of current asthma at the baseline survey

	Log BPA (μg /g creatinine) at 7-8 y								
	Wheeze*			PC ₂₀ †			Current asthma*		
Age (years)	No.‡	OR (95%CI)	P value	No.§	ß (SE)	P value	No.‡	OR (95%CI)	P value
7–8	0/112			60	-2.03 (1.28)	.12	NA		
9–10	9/113	3.12 (0.84–11.60)	.09	18	-7.01 (2.25)	.01	9/117	2.54 (0.75–8.58)	.13
11–12	8/114	1.71 (0.56–5.22)	.34	13	-3.58 (2.54)	.23	8/119	1.79 (0.59–5.45)	.31

^{*}Logistic regression model adjusted for gender, parental asthma history, fetal and environmental tobacco smoke exposure, pet ownership, and

²⁸ grade at enrollment.

²⁹ †Linear regression model adjusted for gender, parental asthma history, fetal and environmental tobacco smoke exposure, pet ownership, and

³⁰ grade at enrollment.

^{31 ‡}Number with outcome/total number for analysis.

^{32 §}Total number for analysis