

Supplementary Material to

Characterisation of the putative effector interaction site of the regulatory HbpR protein from *Pseudomonas azelaica* by site-directed mutagenesis.

Christelle Vogne¹, Hansi Bisht², Sagrario Arias¹, Sofia Fraile³, Rup Lal², and Jan Roelof van der Meer^{1*}

¹Department of Fundamental Microbiology, University of Lausanne, 1015 Lausanne, Switzerland, ²Department of Zoology, University of Delhi, India, ³National Centre for Biotechnology-CSIC, Madrid 28049, Spain.

*Corresponding author:

J. R. van der Meer

Department of Fundamental Microbiology

University of Lausanne,

Bâtiment Biophore

Quartier UNIL-Sorge

1015 Lausanne, Switzerland

Tel. +41 21 692 5630

Fax.: +41 21 692 5605

Email: janroelof.vandermeer@unil.ch

Table S1. Nucleotide sequence of the primers used, with the introduced mutations shown in lower case.

Name	Sequence
S23F-For	5'- CTGCACTTTtTCCCAACG -3'
V41F-For	5' -CCTACAATTtGAGACACT G -3'
E42F-For	5' -CTGCTCCTACAAGTGtttACACTGAAGGATATAT -3'
T43F-For	5' -CCTACAAGTGGAGtttCTGAAGGATATAC -3'
I47T-For	5'- ACACTGAAGGATAccTACAAGGAA -3'
L51N-For	5'- ATATACAAGGAAaacCAGGCCTATTCT -3'
K169F-For	5'- GCATGCGCTGGAtttCCCATTGTCGTG G -3'
I171F-For	5'- GAAAACCCtTTGTCGTGG -3'
I171T-For	5'- TCGCCTGGAAAACCCAccGTG -3'
V172F-For	5'- GGAAAACCCATTttGTGGAAGAGATC G -3'
V172T-For	5'- GAAAACCCATTaccGTGGAAGAG -3'
V173T-For	5'- AACCCATTGTCaccGAAGAGATCGA -3'
E174F-For	5'- AAAACCCATTGTCGTGtttGAGATCGAATGCCAAG -3'
E174Q-For	5'- CCATTGTCGTGcaAGAGATCGAATG -3'
E175F-For	5'- CGTGGAAatttATCGAATG -3'
E175L-For	5'- CCATTGTCGTGGAAactcATCGAATGC -3'
I176T-For	5'- TCGTGGAAAGAGAcCGAATGCCAAG -3'
C178F-For	5'- GGAAGAGATCGAATTtCAAGCGATGGGAC -3'
Q179E-For	5'- ATCGAATGCgagGCGATGGGAC -3'
A193S-For	5'- TCAAGCGAAGCCCCagCGAAATGTGG -3'
E194L-For	5'- AAGCCCGCCctcATGTGGCGCTC -3'
E194P-For	5'- CAAGCGAAGCCCCCCCCATGTGG -3'
E194Q-For	5'- AAGCCCGCCcAAATGTGGCG -3'
W196H-For	5'- GCCGAAATGcacGCGCTCAGTCAG -3'
L198F-For	5'- CGCCGAAATGTGGCGTtAGTCAGTCGGAGCAAT -3'
Q200L-For	5'- GCGCTCAGTttTCGGAG -3'
Q200F-For	5'- GGCGCTCAGTctcTCGGAGCAA -3'

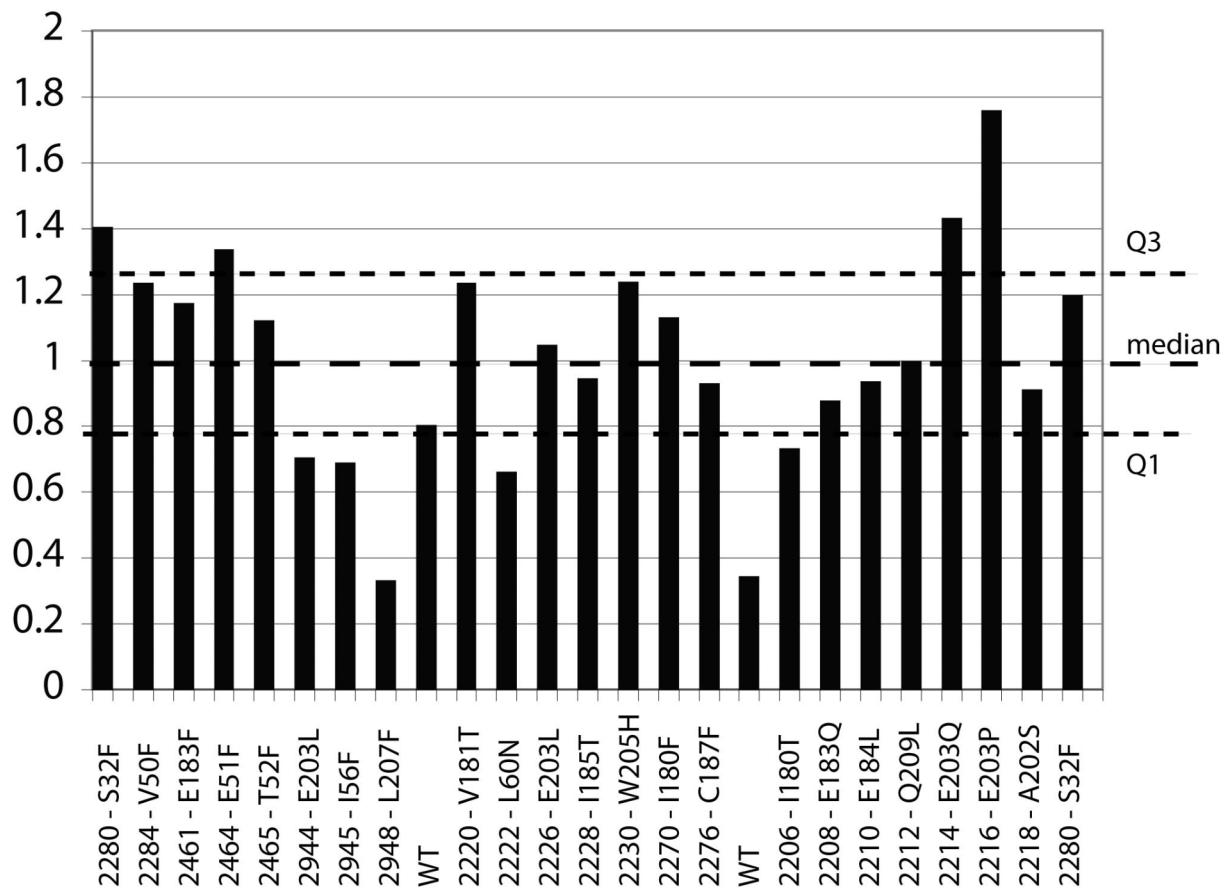


Fig. S1. Normalized band intensities of HbpR proteins expressed from the P_R -promoter in *E. coli* as detected by the anti-HbpR M13-V_{HH} phage antibody. Protein band intensities on Western (Fig. 4) were normalized for film exposure differences and for the total amount of protein loaded, and then averaged over both HbpR bands. This average intensity is plotted in the graph, with the calculated median, the 25% quantile (Q1) and the 75% quantile (Q3) over all cultures. HbpR expression in strains 2948 (L207F), 2216 (E203P) and one of the wild-type are considered outliers in the box plot calculation.

gi 455334 gb AAB59162.1	-----MSLTYKPKMQHEDMQDLSSQIRFVAAEGKIWLGEQRMLVMQL 42
gi 483552 emb CAA48174.1	-----MPIKYKPEIQHSDFKDLTNLIHFQSMEGKIWLGEQRMLLLQF 42 L
gi 2098614 gb AAB57638.1	MKSNNNSDDRSIVADLALPEVHALVSKLHFSPNEGRIWLDESRCLLLQV 50
gi 1633081 pdb 1VID	-----MGDTKEQRILRYVQQNAKPGDPQSVLEAIDTYCTQKEWAMNV 42
gi 455334 gb AAB59162.1	STLASFRREIISLIGVERAKGFFRLRLGYQSGLMDAELARKLRPAMREEEV 92 L S
gi 483552 emb CAA48174.1	SAMASFRREMVTNLGIERAKGLFLRHGYQSGLKDAELARKLRPNASEVGM 92 D P ?
gi 2098614 gb AAB57638.1	ETLKDIYKELQAYSGPDYTREFLTRIGTTGQRDAEMIIKKQGISSIKEQ 100
gi 1633081 pdb 1VID	G---DAKGQIMDAVIREYSPSLVLELGAYCGYSAVRMARLLQPGARLLTM 89
gi 455334 gb AAB59162.1	FLAGPQLYALKGMVKVRLL----TMDIAIRDGRFNVEAEWIDSFEVDICR 138 A E/N/Q
gi 483552 emb CAA48174.1	FLAGPQMHSKGLVKVRPT----ELDIDKEYGRFYAEMEWIDSFEVEICQ 138 L C V N L P LK A/D/K/R
gi 2098614 gb AAB57638.1	IYAGGVVLHALQGFLTSIQAGSSALNAVDMKSMFYHAEAYWONSIEAEIHL 150
gi 1633081 pdb 1VID	EMNPDYAAITQQMLNFAGLQ---DKVTILNGASQDLIPQLKKYDVDTLD 136
gi 455334 gb AAB59162.1	TELGLMNEPVVCWTVLGYASGYGSAFMGRRIIFQETSCRGCGDDKCLIVGK 188 K I
gi 483552 emb CAA48174.1	TDLGQMQDPVCWTLLGYACAYSSAFMGREIIFKEVSCRGCGGDKCRVIGK 188 K ? W E
gi 2098614 gb AAB57638.1	AMHGVSASHAVCWFSVAYCSGMLSACAGKPIVVEEIECQAMGHTHCRIQAK 200
gi 1633081 pdb 1VID	MVFLDHWKDRYLPDTLLLEKCGLLRKGTVLLADNVIVPGTPDFLAYVRGS 186
gi 455334 gb AAB59162.1	TAAEEWGDVSSFEAYFKSDPIVD----- 210
gi 483552 emb CAA48174.1	PAEEWDVVASFKQYFKNDPIIE----- 210 R
gi 2098614 gb AAB57638.1	PAEMWALSQS----- 210
gi 1633081 pdb 1VID	SSFECTHYSSYLEYMKVVDGLEKAIYQGPSSPDKS 221

Fig. S2. CLUSTAL 2.0.10 multiple sequence alignment of XylR (AAB59162), DmpR (CAA48174) and HbpR (AAB57638) A-domains compared to the catechol O-methylase (1VID). Major residual mutations in XylR and DmpR are indicated below the corresponding amino acid. For an HbpR A-domain mutation compilation, see Fig. S2. Mutants and mutant effects described in: [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8].

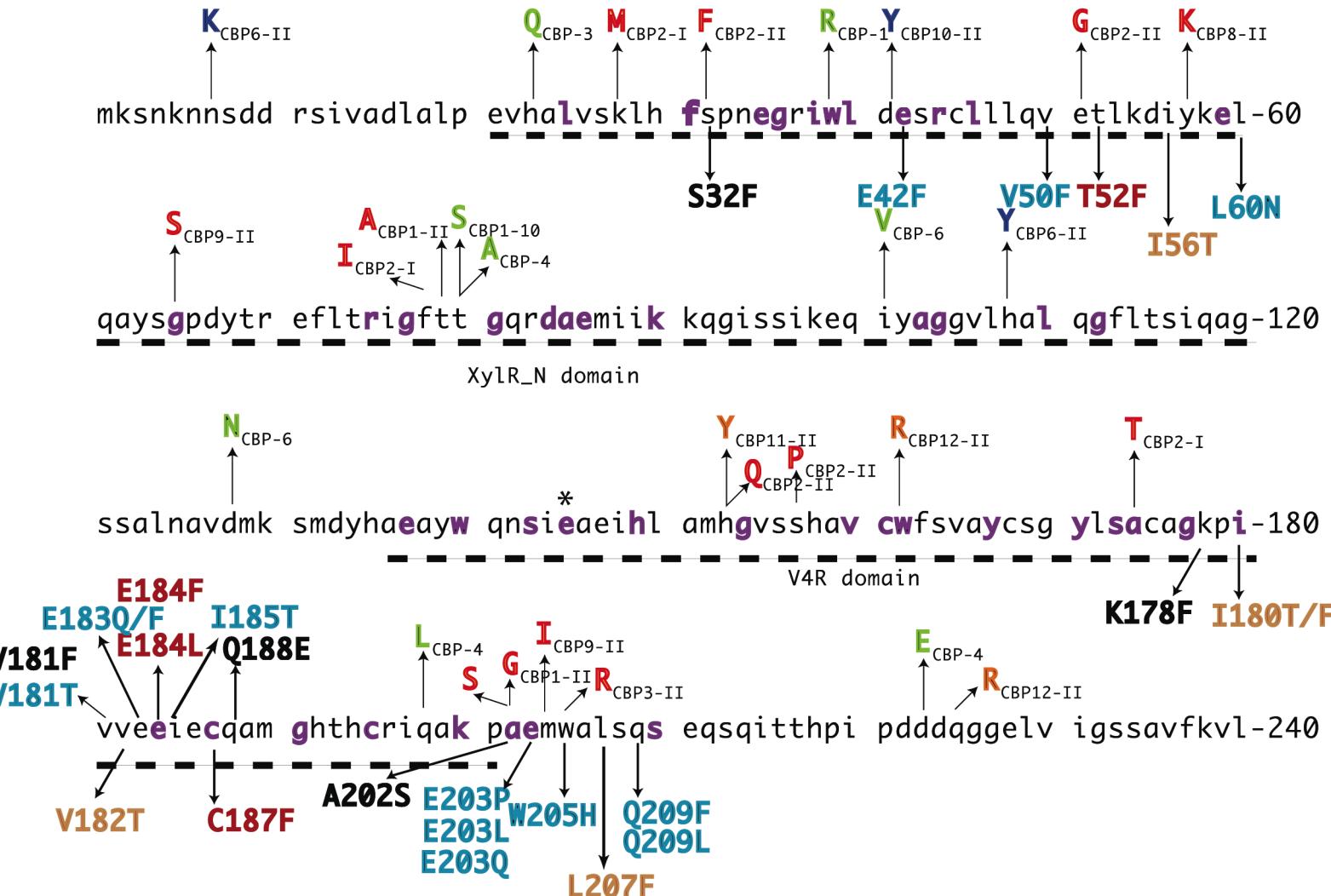


Fig. S3. Primary sequence of the HbpR A-domain and the position and changes of site-directed and randomly selected mutations. Residues in pink are identical to those in aligned XyIR and DmpR A-domains. Dotted lines below the primary sequence point to the two predicted conserved XyIR_N and V4R domains. Residues indicated as e.g., S32F, are those produced in this study, with red labeled residues abolishing 2-HBP induction, orange diminishing induction, blue having no major effect, and black demonstrating higher background expression in absence of 2-HBP, as compared to wild-type. Residues labeled e.g., S_{CBP9-II}, point to those recovered from directed evolution experiments in a previous study [9], with green meaning gain of induction potential with 2-chlorobiphenyl, blue indicating gain of function with elevated background; orange, elevated background but no gain of function nor loss of 2-HBP inducibility; and red, loss of inducibility but semi-constitutive phenotype.

References

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