Supplementary Material to Göker, Garcia-Blazquez, Voglmayr, Telleria & Martin, "*Molecular taxonomy of phytopathogenic fungi - a case study in* Peronospora": Robustness of parameter identification in clustering optimization

Figures 1-5: Experiments with taxon jackknifing to test for robustness regarding taxon sampling if the taxonomy-based reference partition is used. A defined proportion of the sequences was removed before optimizing the parameters. Sequences to be removed were selected at random in each of the 1,000 taxon jackknifing replicates.

Figure 1: Dependency of the smallest optimal F values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figure 2: Dependency of the largest optimal F values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figure 3: Dependency of the smallest optimal threshold values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figure 4: Dependency of the largest optimal threshold values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figure 5: Dependency of obtained MRI values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figures 6-10: Experiments with random permutations to test for robustness regarding the taxonomy-based reference partition. A defined proportion of errors was introduced in the reference partition before optimizing the parameters. Errors to be introduced were selected at random in each of the 1,000 replicates.

Figure 6: Dependency of the smallest optimal F values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figure 7: Dependency of the largest optimal F values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figure 8: Dependency of the smallest optimal threshold values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figure 9: Dependency of the largest optimal threshold values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figure 10: Dependency of obtained MRI values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figures 11-15: Experiments with taxon jackknifing to test for robustness regarding taxon sampling if the host-based reference partition is used. A defined proportion of the sequences was removed before optimizing the parameters. Sequences to be removed were selected at random in each of the 1,000 taxon jackknifing replicates.

Figure 11: Dependency of the smallest optimal F values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figure 12: Dependency of the largest optimal F values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figure 13: Dependency of the smallest optimal threshold values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figure 14: Dependency of the largest optimal threshold values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figure 15: Dependency of obtained MRI values on the proportion of sequences randomly deleted before optimization.

Figures 16-20: Experiments with random permutations to test for robustness regarding the taxonomy-based reference partition. A defined proportion of errors was introduced in the reference partition before optimizing the parameters. Errors to be introduced were selected at random in each of the 1,000 replicates.

Figure 16: Dependency of the smallest optimal F values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figure 17: Dependency of the largest optimal F values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figure 18: Dependency of the smallest optimal threshold values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figure 19: Dependency of the largest optimal threshold values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

Figure 20: Dependency of obtained MRI values on the proportion of errors randomly introduced before optimization.

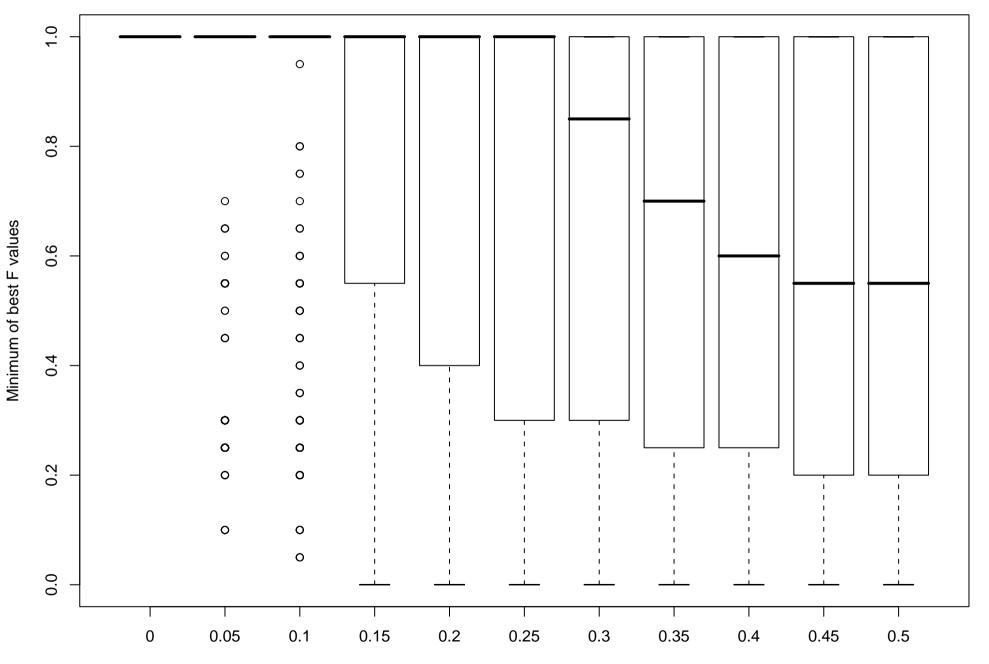
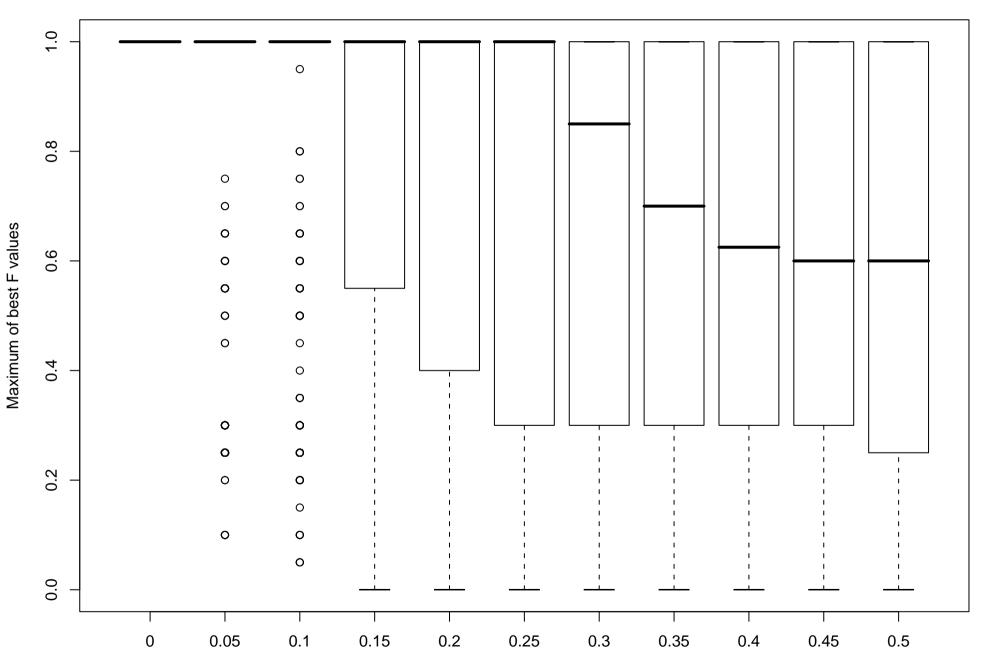
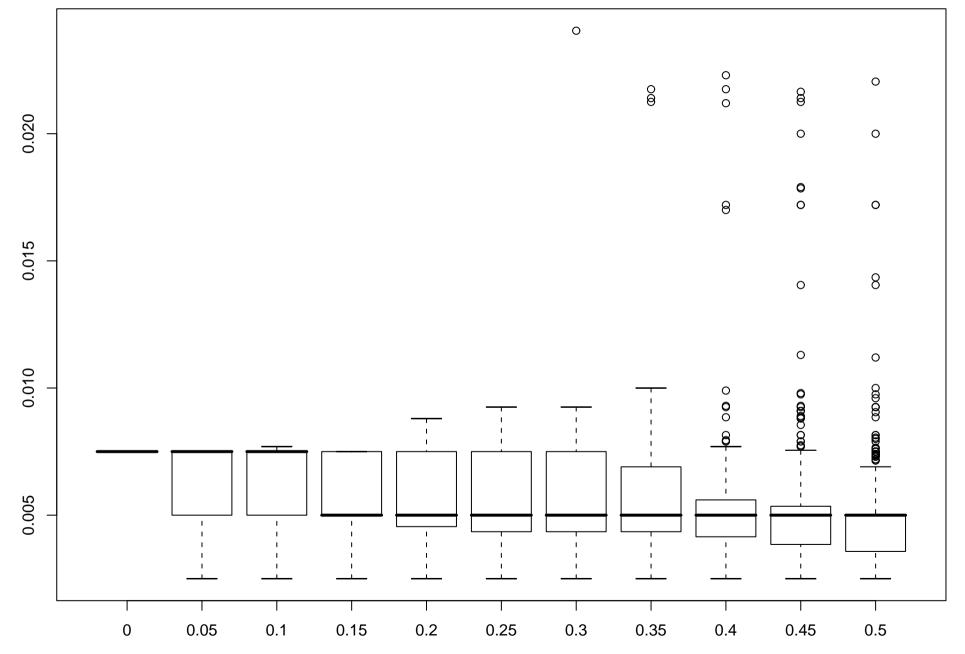
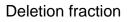


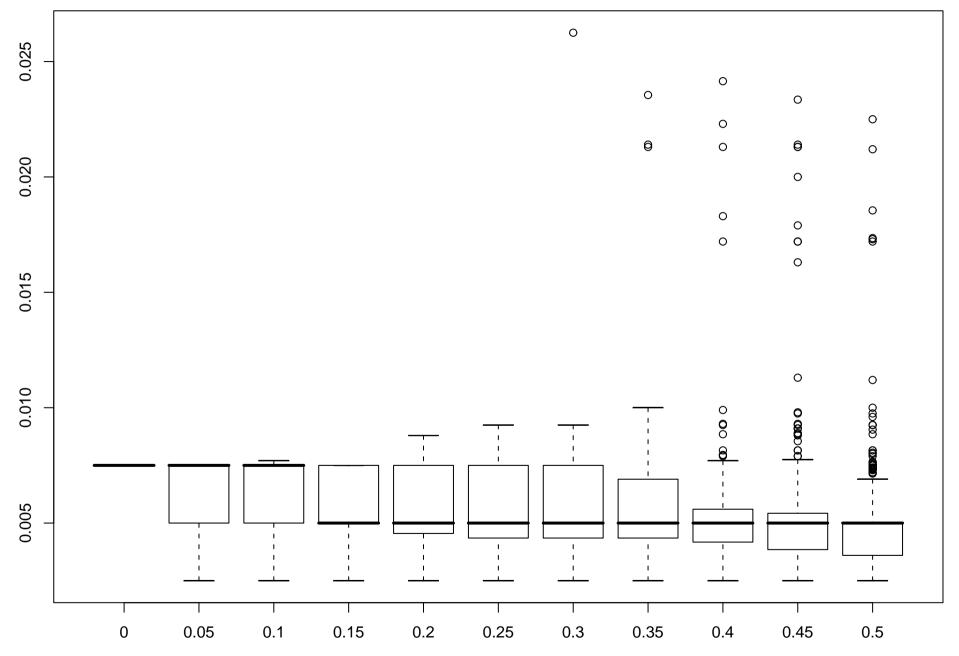
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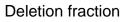


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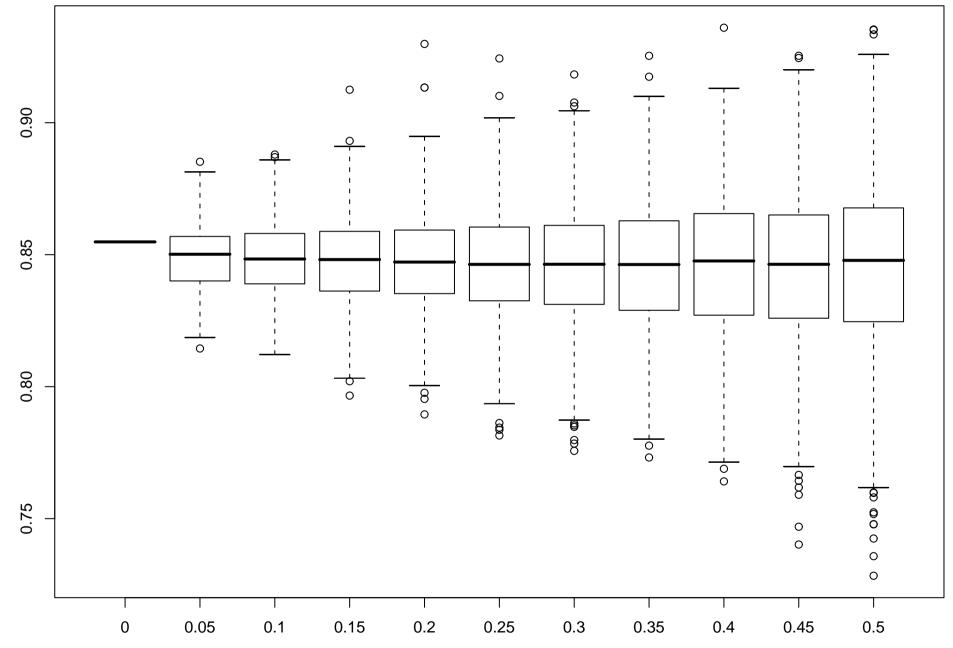




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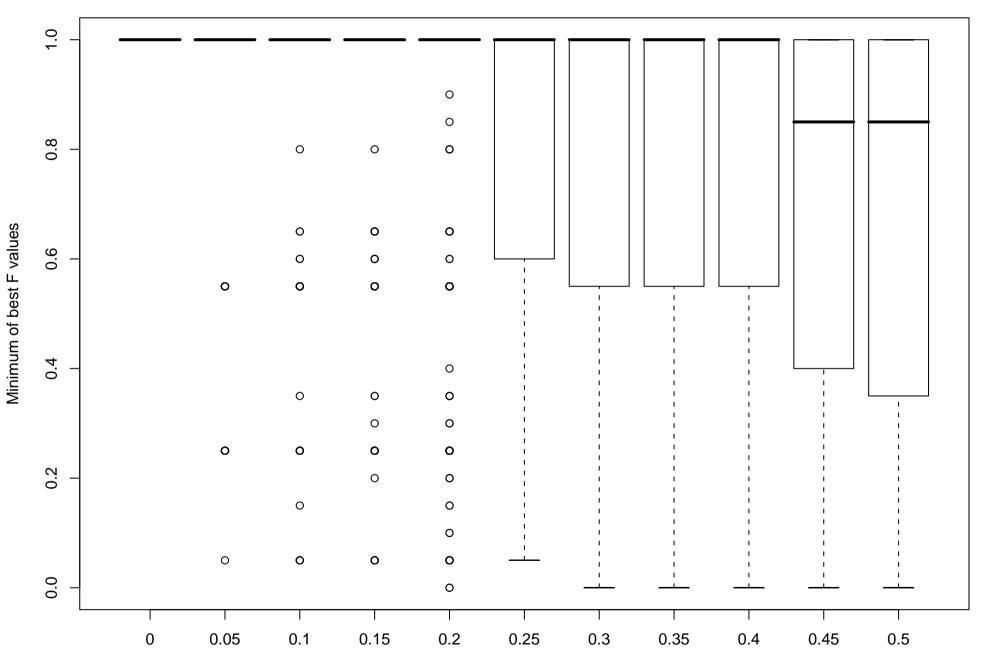






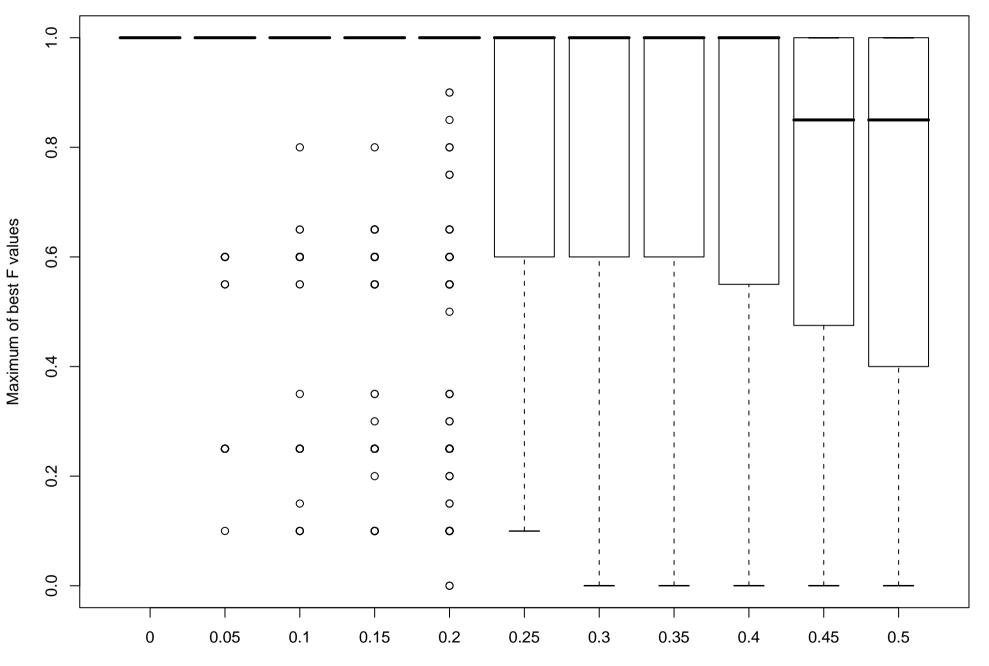
Highest MRI values

Figure 6

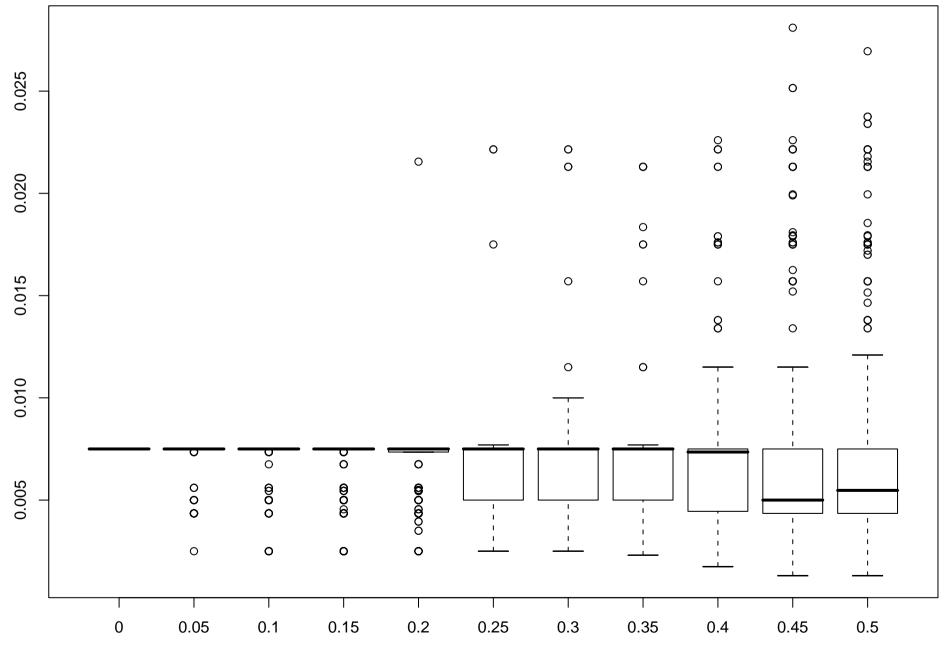


Error fraction

Figure 7

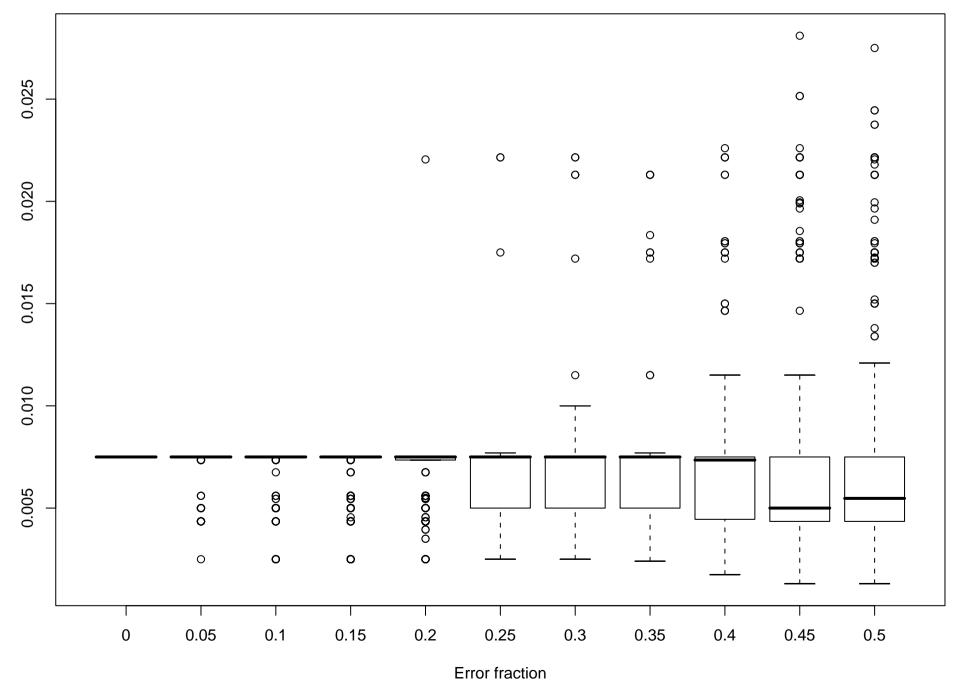


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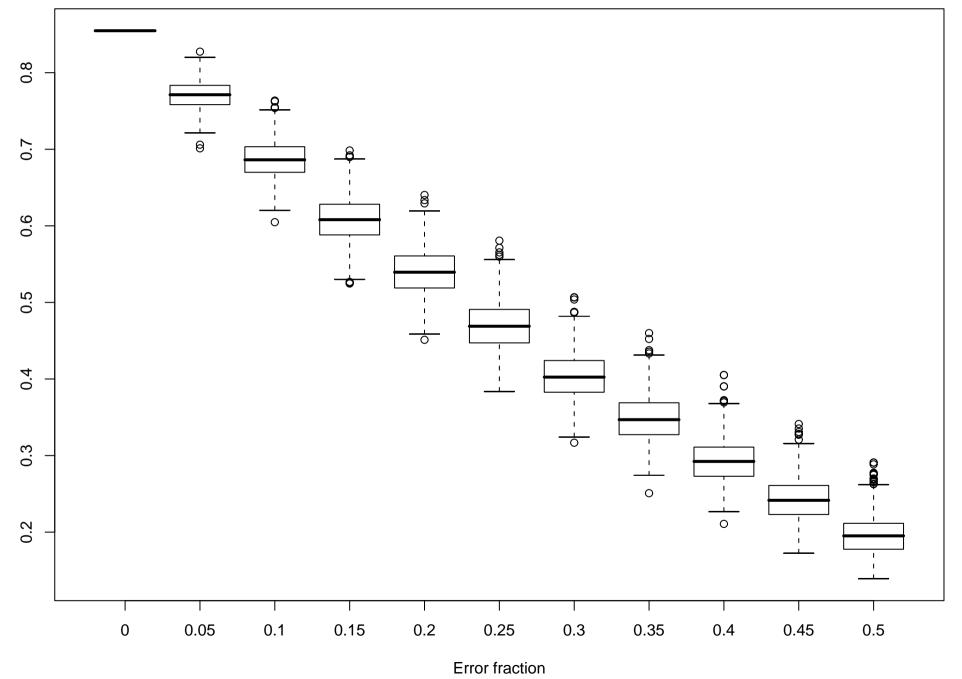


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Minimum of best T values



Maximum of best T values



Highest MRI values

Figure 11

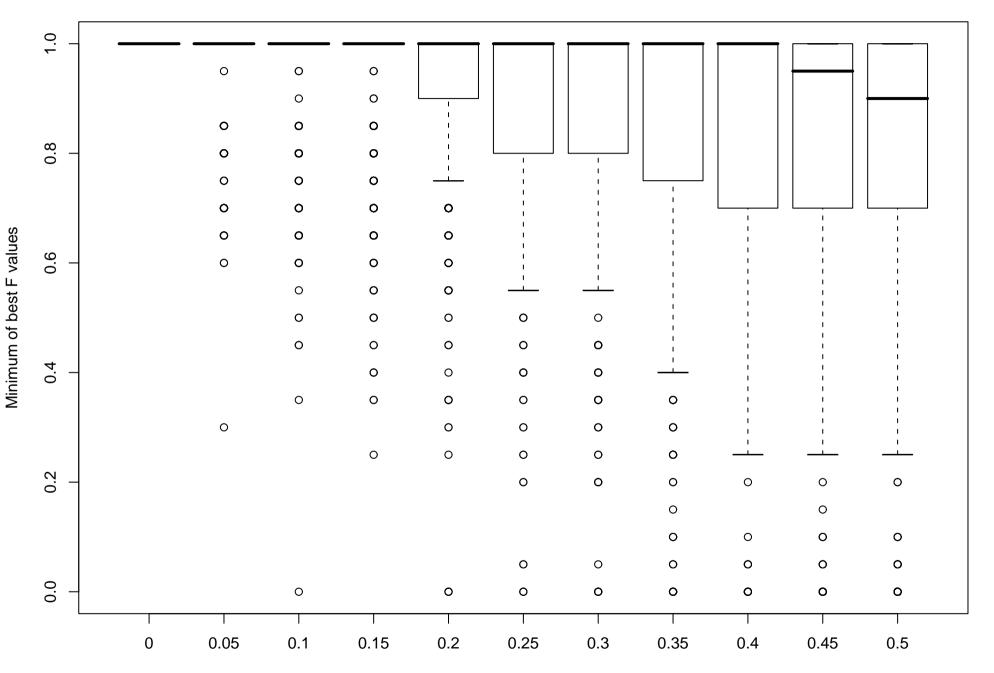


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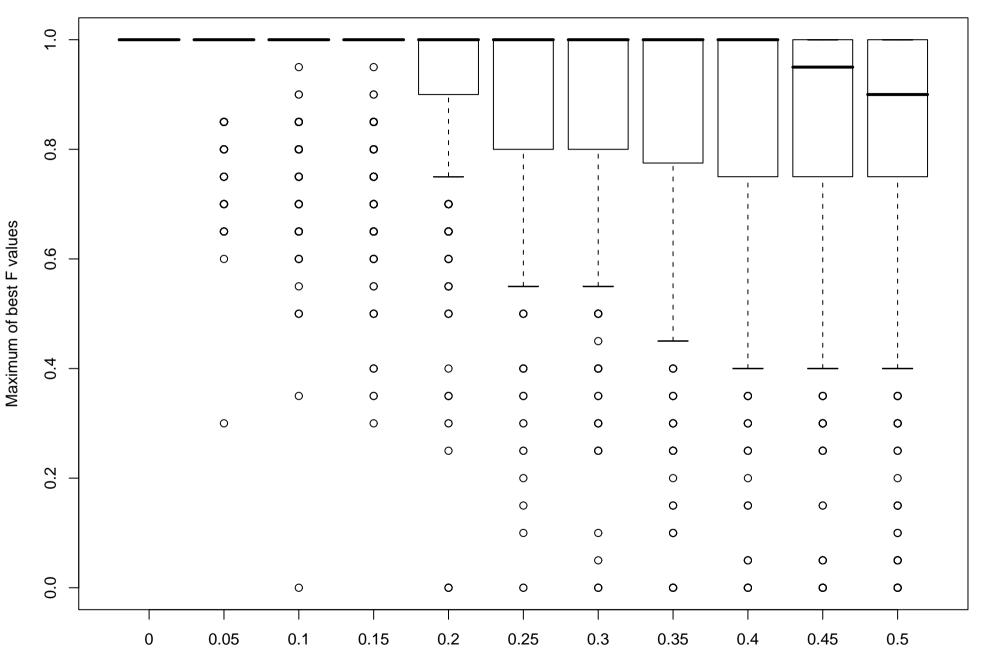


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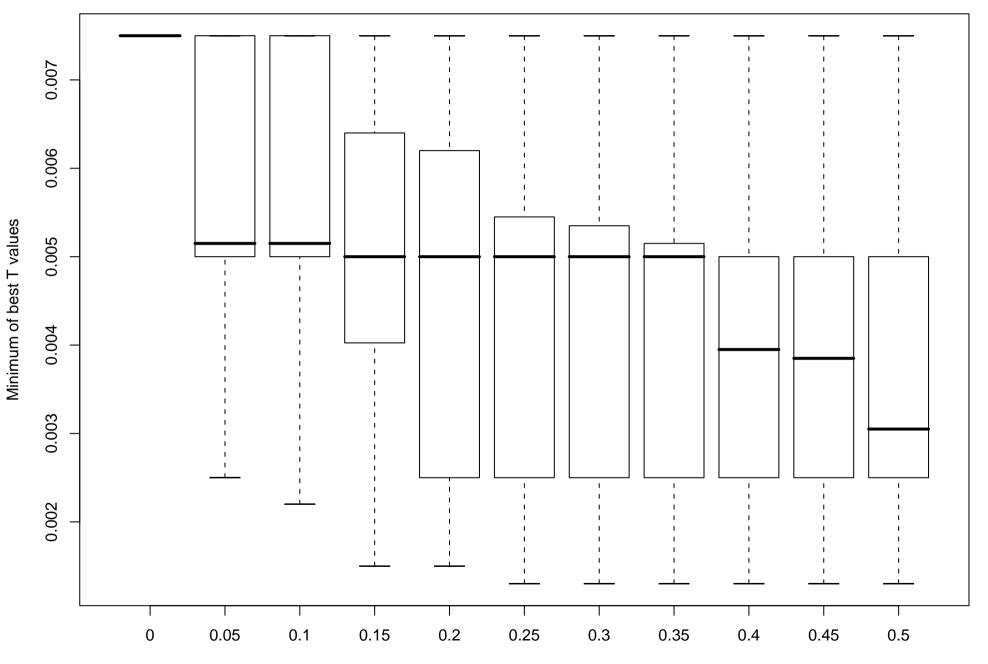
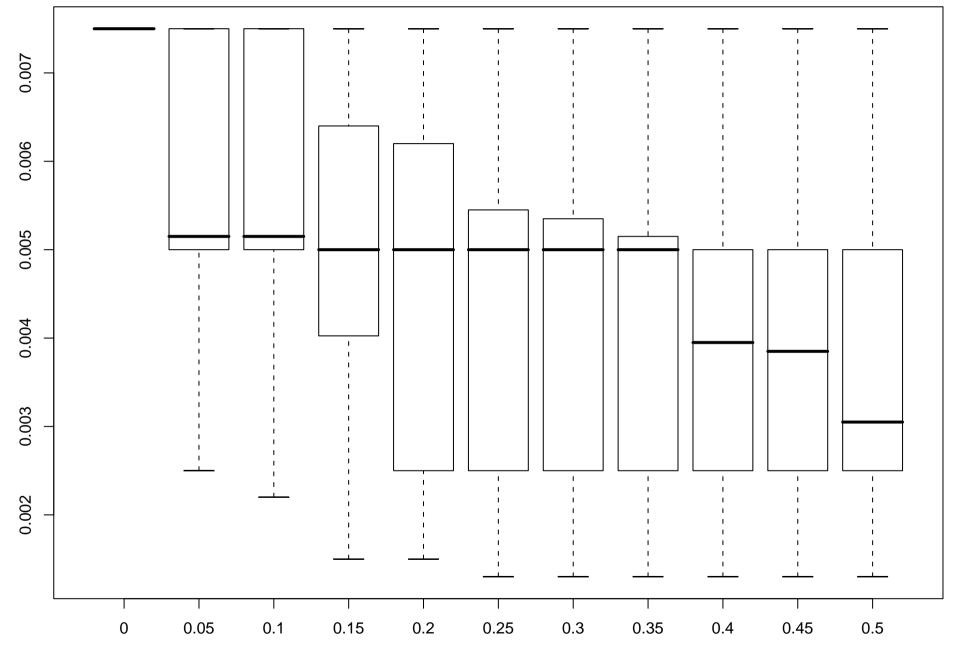
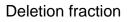
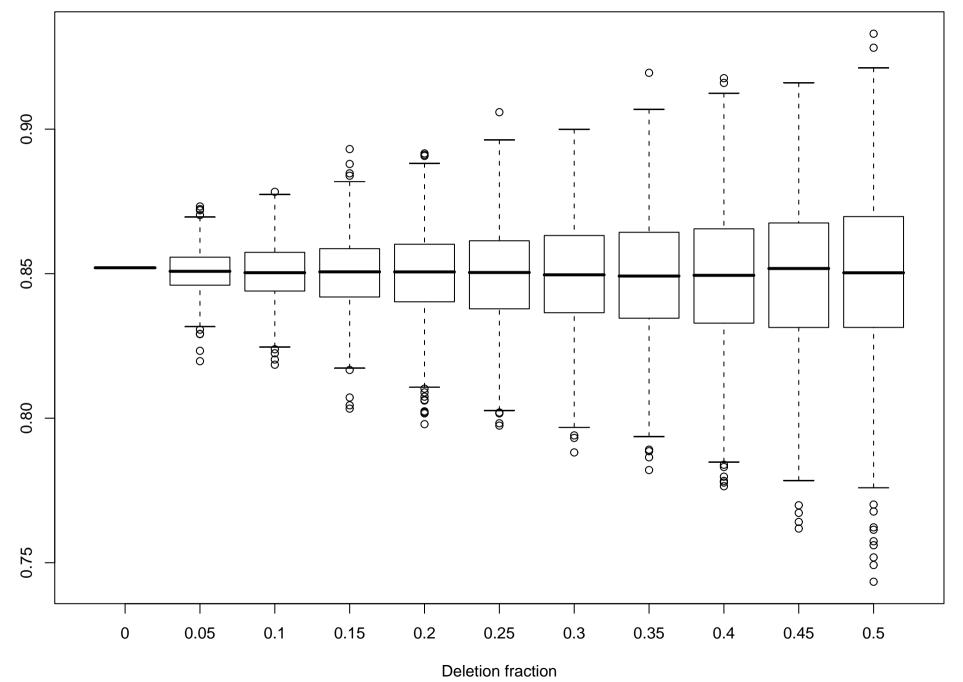


Figure 14



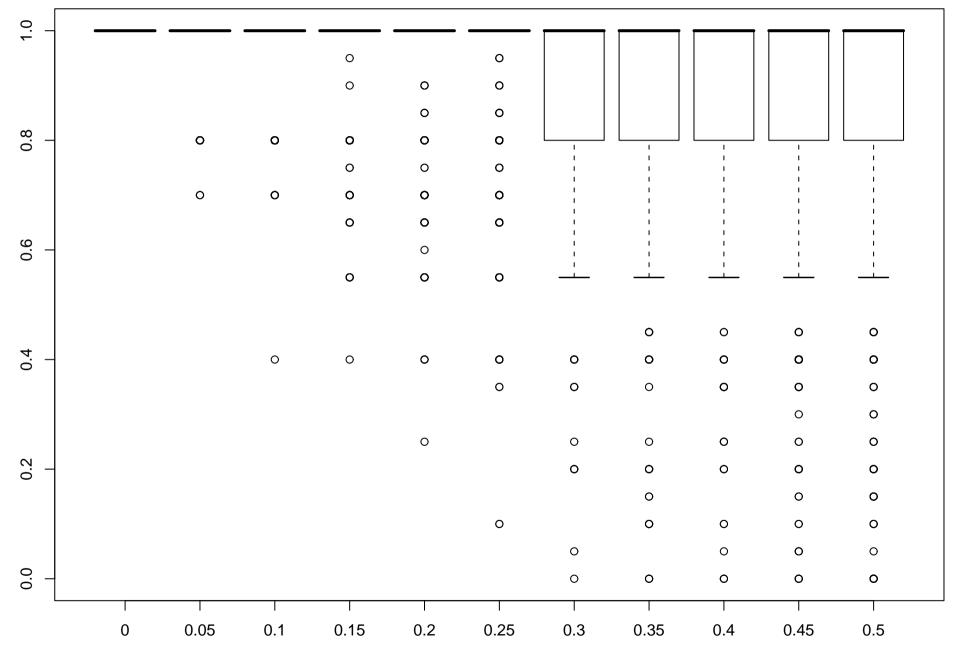
Maximum of best T values





Highest MRI values

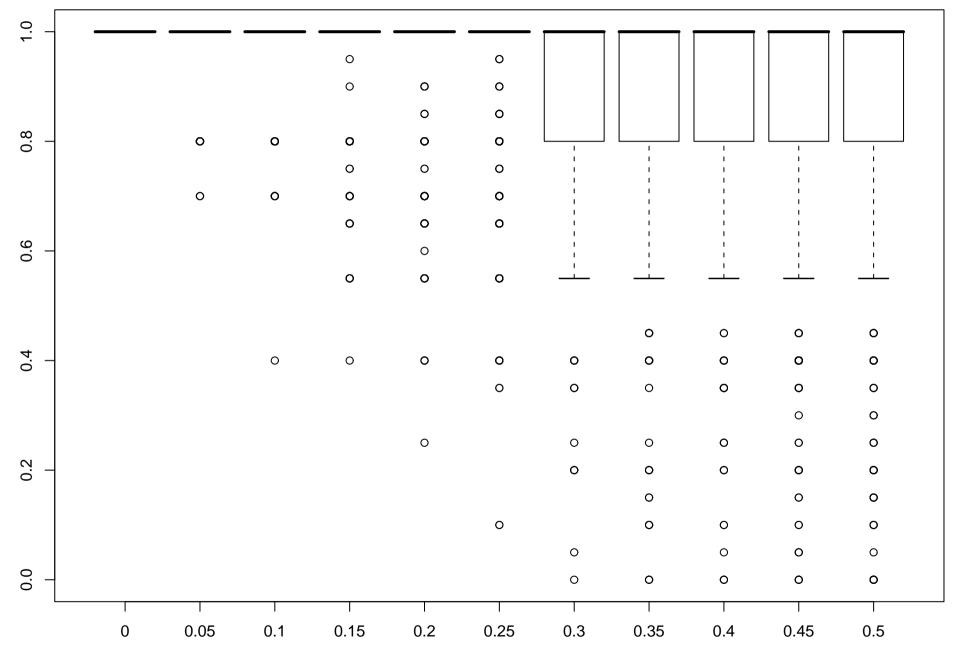
Figure 16



Minimum of best F values

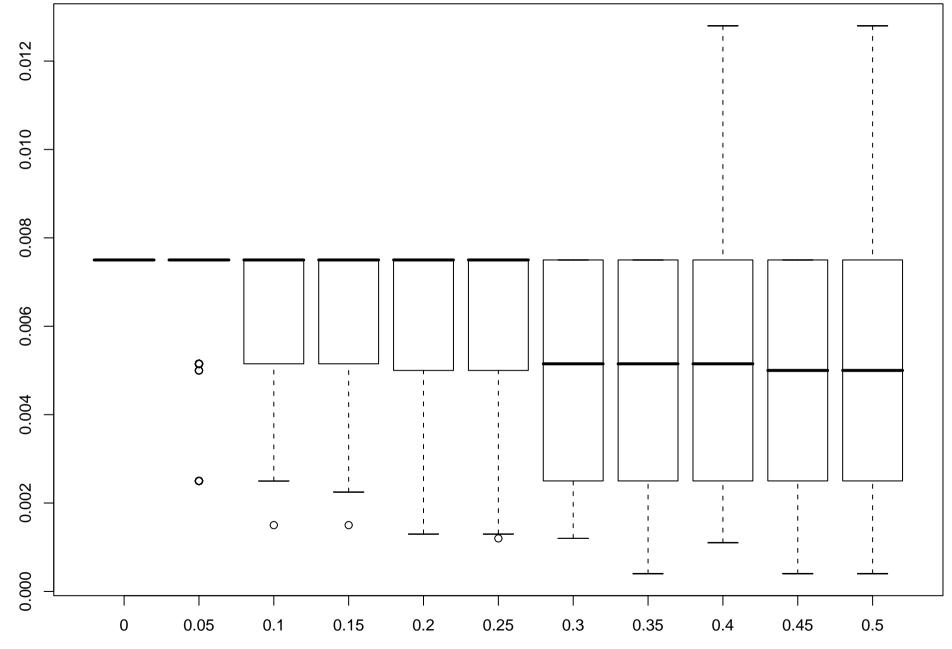
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Figure 17



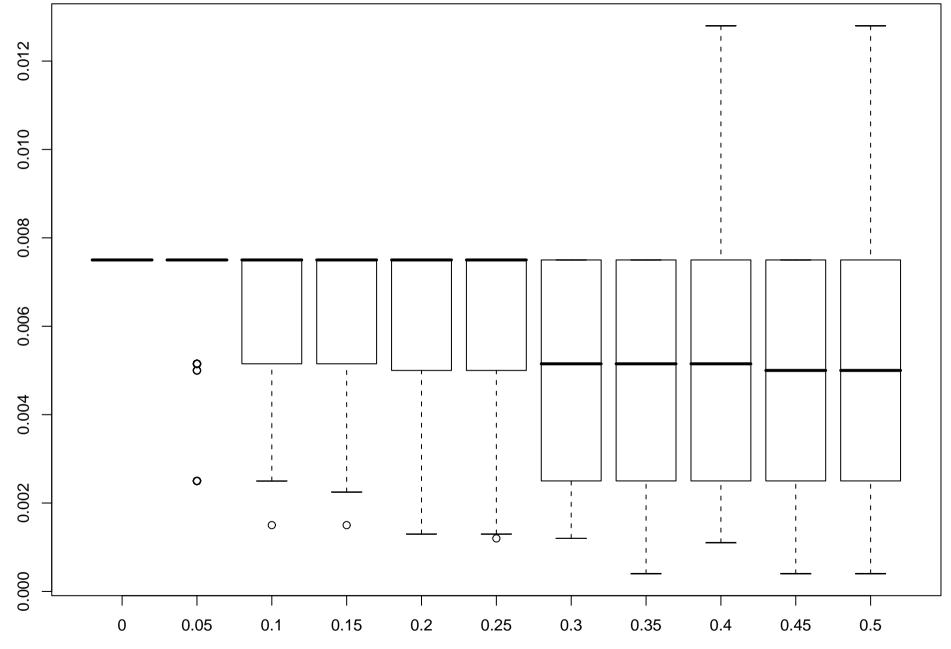
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Maximum of best F values



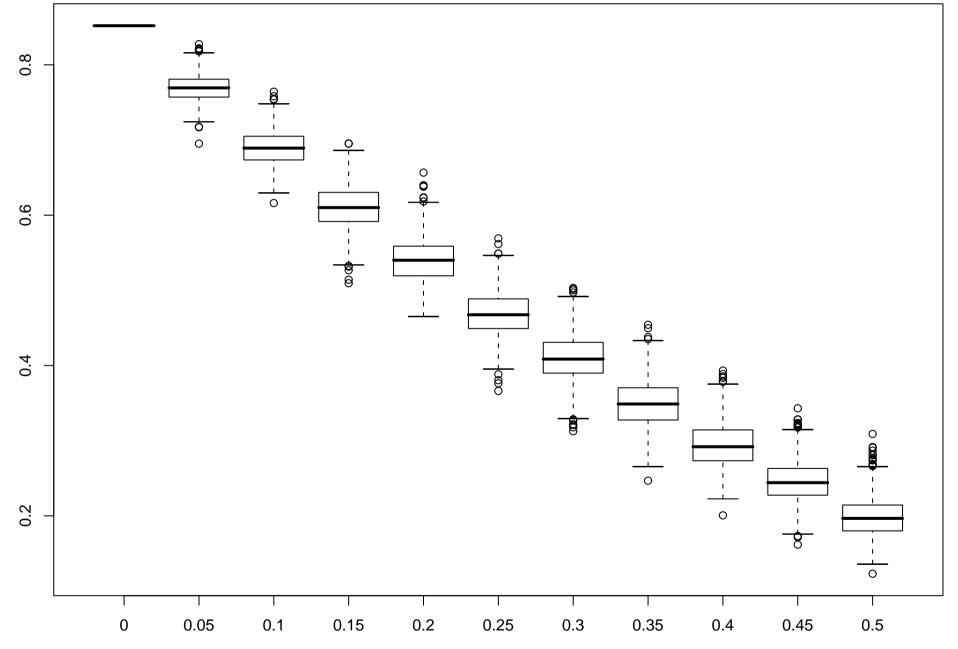
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Minimum of best T values



Error fraction

Maximum of best T values



Error fraction

Highest MRI values