S7 Appendix. Balancing and manipulation check

Survey Experiment

Participants were assigned to treatment groups randomly. Despite random assignment differences between groups may occur. We test for this possibility to see for which variables we should control in the estimations. As we do find differences in age, education, past vaccine denial, risk perception, and emotional response to COVID-19 across treatments we control for these variables in all estimations.

	(1) (2) (3) t-test							
	Control	Debunk	Benefits	Difference				
Variable	Mean/SE	Mean/SE	Mean/SE	(1)-(2)	(1)-(3)			
Socio-economics					() (-)			
Female (=1)	0.520	0.503	0.502	0.017	0.019			
	[0.019]	[0.028]	[0.028]					
Age: 32-44 (=1)	0.200	0.215	0.196	-0.015	0.004			
	[0.015]	[0.023]	[0.022]					
Age: 32-44 (=1)	0.128	0.123	0.131	0.005	-0.003			
	[0.013]	[0.018]	[0.019]					
Age: 45-52 (=1)	0.215	0.193	0.251	0.021	-0.036			
2	[0.016]	[0.022]	[0.024]					
Age: 53-58 (=1)	0.380	0.356	0.367	0.024	0.013			
	[0.019]	[0.027]	[0.027]					
Age: 59-81 (=1)	0.077	0.113	0.055	-0.036*	0.022			
2	[0.010]	[0.018]	[0.013]					
Secondary school:	0.133	0.098	0.089	0.034	0.044**			
'Hauptschulabschluss' (=1)	[0.013]	[0.017]	[0.016]					
Secondary school: 'Realschuleabschluss'	0.343	0.377	0.324	-0.035	0.019			
(=1)	[0.018]	[0.027]	[0.026]					
High school (=1)	0.273	0.282	0.309	-0.009	-0.036			
6	[0.017]	[0.025]	[0.026]					
University degree (=1)	0.252	0.242	0.278	0.010	-0.026			
	[0.017]	[0.024]	[0.025]					
Adjusted HH income	3.951	4.098	4.054	-0.147	-0.102			
5	[0.069]	[0.100]	[0.100]					
Married (=1)	0.434	0.390	0.388	0.044	0.045			
	[0.019]	[0.027]	[0.027]					
Explanatory variables	[]	[01021]	[]					
Baseline: Vaccination inaction (=1)	0.516	0.537	0.532	-0.021	-0.016			
()	[0.019]	[0.028]	[0.028]					
Denied other vaccine (=1)	0.154	0.113	0.144	0.040*	0.010			
	[0.014]	[0.018]	[0.019]	01010	0.010			
Index: COVID-19 risk perception	41.171	37.523	37.674	3.648**	3.497**			
	[0.900]	[1.202]	[1.171]	01010	01177			
Index: Emotional response	3.719	3.499	3.504	0.220**	0.215**			
	[0.059]	[0.079]	[0.078]	0.220	0.210			
Net anticipated regret (no vaccination –	0.817	1.104	1.073	-0.288	-0.257			
vaccination)	[0.151]	[0.227]	[0.225]	0.200	0.207			
Index: Dogmatism	3.934	4.002	3.948	-0.068	-0.014			
index. Dogination	[0.037]	[0.053]	[0.053]	0.000	0.014			
Observations	671	326	327					
F-test of joint significance (F-stat)	0/1	520	521	1.804**	1.437			
F-test, number of observations				997	998			

Table S4. Balancing across treatments: Survey experiment

Note: The value displayed for t-tests are the differences in the means across the groups. ***, **, and * indicate significance at the 1, 5, and 10 percent critical level.

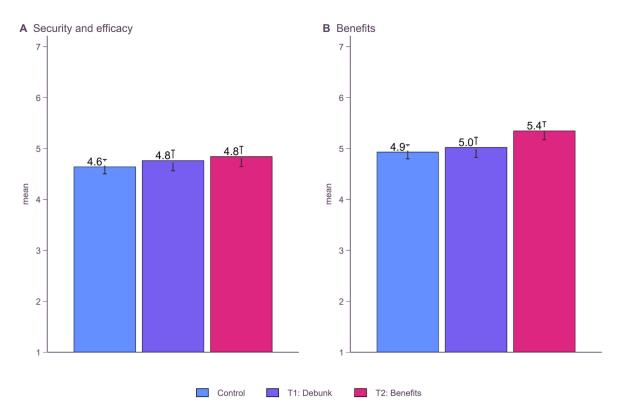


Fig S4. Priming check: Variation in feeling informed. Bars show mean values for each treatment group and 95% confidence intervals are indicated by lines. Panel A and B show the means towards the question "How informed do you feel about the safety and effectiveness of Corona vaccines?" and "How informed do you feel about the benefits for fully vaccinated individuals?" respectively. Answers were given on a 7-point Likert scale from 1 (not informed at all) to 7 (fully informed).

Balanced Panel

Ĺ	l'able S5.	Balancing across treatments: Returners					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	T-Test Differences		
	Control	T1: Debunk	T2: Benefits	T3: Facilitation			
Variable	Mean/SE		Mean/SE	Mean/SE	(1)-(2)	(1)-(3)	(1)-(4)
Female (=1)	0.482	0.473	0.527	0.513	0.009	-0.045	-0.031
	[0.034]	[0.035]	[0.035]	[0.036]			
Age: 32-44 (=1)	0.105	0.146	0.140	0.090	-0.042	-0.036	0.015
	[0.021]	[0.025]	[0.024]	[0.021]			
Age: 32-44 (=1)	0.109	0.107	0.097	0.122	0.002	0.012	-0.013
	[0.021]	[0.022]	[0.021]	[0.024]			
Age: 45-52 (=1)	0.236	0.166	0.271	0.185	0.071*	-0.034	0.051
	[0.029]	[0.026]	[0.031]	[0.028]			
Age: 53-58 (=1)	0.432	0.449	0.430	0.513	-0.017	0.002	-0.081
	[0.033]	[0.035]	[0.034]	[0.036]			
Age: 59-81 (=1)	0.118	0.132	0.063	0.090	-0.014	0.055**	0.028
	[0.022]	[0.024]	[0.017]	[0.021]			
Secondary school:	0.127	0.112	0.077	0.169	0.015	0.050*	-0.042
'Hauptschulabschluss' (=1)	[0.023]	[0.022]	[0.019]	[0.027]			
Secondary school:	0.345	0.390	0.362	0.386	-0.045	-0.017	-0.041
'Realschuleabschluss' (=1)	[0.032]	[0.034]	[0.033]	[0.036]			
High school (=1)	0.250	0.254	0.290	0.233	-0.004	-0.040	0.017
	[0.029]	[0.030]	[0.032]	[0.031]			
University degree (=1)	0.277	0.244	0.271	0.212	0.033	0.007	0.066
	[0.030]	[0.030]	[0.031]	[0.030]			
Adjusted HH income	3.972	4.015	4.109	4.034	-0.042	-0.137	-0.062
	[0.120]	[0.119]	[0.120]	[0.137]			
Married (=1)	0.500	0.434	0.440	0.460	0.066	0.060	0.040
	[0.034]	[0.035]	[0.035]	[0.036]			
Baseline: Vaccination inaction		0.522	0.517	0.582	0.010	0.015	-0.050
	[0.034]	[0.035]	[0.035]	[0.036]			
Denied other vaccine (=1)	0.155	0.122	0.130	0.148	0.033	0.024	0.006
	[0.024]	[0.023]	[0.023]	[0.026]			
Index: COVID-19 risk perception		36.324	37.493	38.558	4.503*	3.335	2.269
	[1.645]	[1.592]	[1.456]	[1.712]			
Index: Emotional response	3.599	3.460	3.524	3.617	0.139	0.075	-0.018
	[0.109]	[0.104]	[0.101]	[0.114]			
Net anticipated regret (no	0.586	1.141	1.111	0.566	-0.555	-0.525	0.020
vaccination – vaccination)	[0.271]	[0.310]	[0.279]	[0.300]			2.020
Index: Dogmatism	3.912	4.068	3.989	4.051	-0.157	-0.078	-0.140
	[0.066]	[0.072]	[0.067]	[0.072]	0.107	0.070	0.110
Observations	220	205	207	189			
F-test of joint significance (F-s		205	207	107	1.329	1.336	0.869
F-test, number of observations					425	427	409

Table S5.Balancing across treatments: Returners

Notes: The dependent variable took the value of one when the participant was assigned to one of the treatments and zero when in control for each of the joint F-test of orthogonality.