

CORRECTION

# Correction: Risk of poultry compartments for transmission of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza

The PLOS ONE Staff

There are multiple formatting errors in [Table 2](#). Please see the complete, correct table here.

**Table 2. The risk of HPAI transmission jumps from one area to another, due to a compartment with only egg transports (i.e. no animal transports), and with no compartment farms situated in a DPPA.**

Quantity	Value
Ratio <sup>1)</sup>	0.0015 (0.0013–0.0017)
‘Single-event’ transmission probability <sup>2)</sup>	1.2 10 <sup>-6</sup> –1.6 10 <sup>-5</sup>
‘Triple-event’ transmission probability <sup>2)</sup>	3.6 10 <sup>-10</sup> –5.1 10 <sup>-8</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> The risk of jumps is expressed as mean ratio of ‘triple-event’ transmission via the compartment and ‘single-event’ transmission by neighbourhood transmission (the 5%-95% interval given between brackets).

<sup>2)</sup> The range (min-max) of the probability for ‘single-event’ transmission and for ‘triple-event’ transmission are added.

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0212986.t001>

There are multiple formatting errors in [Table 3](#). Please see the complete, correct table here.

**Table 3. The risk of HPAI transmission jumps from one area to another, due to a compartment with one farm located in the DPPA.**

Quantity	Value
Ratio <sup>1)</sup>	0.57 (0.46–0.69)
‘Single-event’ transmission probability <sup>2)</sup>	1.1 10 <sup>-6</sup> –0.010
‘Triple-event’ transmission probability <sup>2)</sup>	1.2 10 <sup>-7</sup> –8.9 10 <sup>-5</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> The risk of jumps is expressed as mean ratio of ‘triple-event’ transmission via the compartment and ‘single-event’ transmission by neighbourhood transmission (the 5%-95% interval given between brackets).

<sup>2)</sup> The range (min-max) of the probability for ‘single-event’ transmission and for ‘triple-event’ transmission are added.

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0212986.t002>

There are multiple formatting errors in [Table 4](#). Please see the complete, correct table here. The publisher apologizes for these errors.



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**Table 4. The risk of HPAI transmission jumps from one area to another, due to a compartment with one farm located in the DPPA and with transport of animals (chicken) and eggs.**

Quantity	Value
Ratio <sup>1)</sup>	0.62 (0.46–0.78)
‘Single-event’ transmission probability <sup>2)</sup>	$1.1 \cdot 10^{-6}$ –0.0020
‘Triple-event’ transmission probability <sup>2)</sup>	$1.2 \cdot 10^{-7}$ – $1.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$

<sup>1)</sup> The risk of jumps is expressed as mean ratio of ‘triple-event’ transmission via the compartment and ‘single-event’ transmission by neighbourhood transmission (the 5%-95% interval given between brackets).

<sup>2)</sup> The range (min-max) of the probability for ‘single-event’ transmission and for ‘triple-event’ transmission are added.

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0212986.t003>

## Reference

1. Hagensars TJ, Boender GJ, Bergevoet RHM, van Roermund HJW (2018) Risk of poultry compartments for transmission of Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza. PLoS ONE 13(11): e0207076. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0207076> PMID: 30485292