S2 Fig. Structural histological analysis of intestinal mucosa and mesenteric adipose tissue (MAT) of Crohn’s disease patients. Haematoxylin and Eosin (H&E) staining was performed on paraffin-embedded slides from intestinal mucosa and MAT of Crohn’s disease (CD) patients and controls (CTR); nuclear counterstaining: Mayer’s haematoxylin. Original magnification 200X (A). Immunohistochemical analysis of CD45 was performed on paraffin-embedded slides from intestinal mucosa of CD and CTR groups to show the immune cell infiltration. Original magnification 100X (B).