Here we recall 44 English phonemes according to the International Phonetic Alphabet.

I. 20 vowels (7 short phonemes, 5 long and 8 diphongs):

- \( \Lambda \) (but), \( \alpha \) (cat), \( \varnothing \) (about), \( e \) (men), \( i \) (sit), \( o \) (not), \( u \) (book),
- \( \omega \): (part), \( \omega \): (word, learn), \( i: \) (read), \( e: \) (sort), \( u: \) (too),
- \( aI \) (my), \( au \) (how), \( ou \) (go), \( ei \) (day), \( i\omega \) (here), \( oi \) (boy), \( u\omega \) (tour, pure), \( eo \) (wear, fair)

II. 24 consonants:

- \( b \) (born), \( d \) (do), \( f \) (five), \( g \) (get), \( h \) (house), \( j \) (yes), \( k \) (cat), \( l \) (lion), \( m \) (mouse), \( n \) (mouse), \( \eta \) (sing), \( p \) (put), \( r \) (room), \( s \) (saw), \( s\) (shall), \( t \) (time), \( \theta \) (church), \( \theta \) (think), \( \varnothing \) (the), \( v \) (very), \( w \) (window), \( z \) (zoo), \( \varsigma \) (cavalier), \( d\varsigma \) (judge)