Correction

Correction: Development of a New Risk Score for Incident Type 2 Diabetes Using Updated Diagnostic Criteria in Middle-Aged and Older Chinese

The PLOS ONE Staff

There are errors in Table 1 and Table 2. In both tables the unit of C-reactive protein should be mg/L, rather than mmol/L. Please see the corrected Table 1 and Table 2 here.

Table 1. Baseline characteristics of the followed participants without diabetes in the 6-year follow-up cohort in Beijing and Shanghai, China, 2005–2011.

	Men	Women	P value
n	802	1110	
Age (years)	58.3 (5.9)	57.9 (6.0)	0.159
Hypertension (n, %)	397 (49.5)	563 (50.7)	0.599
BMI (kg/m ²)	24.0 (3.3)	24.5 (3.6)	0.002
Waist circumference	84.8 (10.5)	81.5 (10.1)	<0.001
Waist-to-hip ratio	0.914 (0.068)	0.867 (0.070)	<0.001
Fasting plasma glucose (mmol/L)	5.38 (0.56)	5.30 (0.54)	0.003
HbA1c (%)	5.62 (0.36)	5.69 (0.36)	<0.001
Triglycerides (mmol/L) ^a	1.04 (0.99, 1.08)	1.10 (1.07, 1.14)	0.032
HDL cholesterol (mmol/L)	1.24 (0.34)	1.34 (0.32)	<0.001
LDL cholesterol (mmol/L)	3.00 (0.89)	3.32 (0.93)	<0.001
Total cholesterol (mmol/L)	4.42 (0.90)	4.76 (0.93)	<0.001
C-reactive protein (mg/L) ^a	0.64 (0.59, 0.69)	0.62 (0.58, 0.67)	0.636

Abbreviations: BMI, body mass index; HDL, high-density lipoprotein; LDL, low-density lipoprotein.

Data are adjusted means (standard deviation) unless specified. ^a Values are geometric means (95% confidence interval). Chi-square tests were used to compare categorical variables and t-tests were used to compare continuous variables.

doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0097042.t001

Citation: The PLOS ONE Staff (2014) Correction: Development of a New Risk Score for Incident Type 2 Diabetes Using Updated Diagnostic Criteria in Middle-Aged and Older Chinese. PLoS ONE 9(12): e115929. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0115929

Published: December 12, 2014

Copyright: © 2014 The PLOS ONE Staff. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

Table 2. Algorithm to estimate risk for incident type 2 diabetes mellitus using total points for the categorical model with logistic regression analysis in the 6-year follow-up cohort in Beijing and Shanghai, China, 2005-2011.

Items	Reference value (W_{ij})	β_i	P value	$\beta_i(W_{ij}-W_{iREF})$	Point _{ij} = $\beta_i(W_{ij}-W_{iREF})/B^a$
Sex		0.2271 (= B)	0.027		
Male	0 (W_{1REF})			0	0
Female	1			0.2271	1
Body mass index (kg/m ²)		0.0533	0.001		
<24	21.4 (W_{2REF})			0	0
24 to <28	25.8			0.2345	1
≥28	29.2			0.4157	2
Fasting plasma glucose (mmol/L)		0.9624	<0.001		
<5.6	5.1 (W_{3REF})			0	0
5.6 to <6.1	5.8			0.6437	3
≥ 6.1	6.4			1.2511	6
HbA1c (%)		1.3375	<0.001		
<5.5	5.3 (W_{4REF})			0	0
5.5 to <5.9	5.7			0.5350	2
≥5.9	6.1			1.0700	5
Hypertension (%)		0.2420	0.019		
No	0 (W_{5REF})			0	0
Yes	1			0.2420	1
C-reactive protein (mg/L) ^b		0.1104	0.019		
<0.39	-2.12 ^c			0	0
0.39 to 0.99	-0.49			0.1800	1
≥1.00	0.65			0.3058	2
Maxim total point					17
Total point	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17				
6-year risk of type 2 diabetes, %	0.20 0.24 0.29 0.34 0.39 0.44 0.50 0.56 0.61 0.66 0.71 0.76 0.80 0.83 0.86 0.89 0.91 0.92				

^aThe points are rounded to the nearest integer.

^bC-reactive protein was tertiled in the current sample.

^cThe reference figure was the median of natural log transformed values in each C-reactive protein category.

doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0097042.t002

Reference

1. Ye X, Zong G, Liu X, Liu G, Gan W, et al. (2014) Development of a New Risk Score for Incident Type 2 Diabetes Using Updated Diagnostic Criteria in Middle-Aged and Older Chinese. PLoS ONE 9(5): e97042. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0097042