

CORRECTION

Correction: Urinary type IV collagen excretion is involved in the decline in estimated glomerular filtration rate in the Japanese general population without diabetes: A 5-year observational study

The *PLOS ONE* Staff

Notice of republication

This article was republished on June 5, 2018 to correct errors that were introduced during the typesetting process. The third, fourth, and fifth sentence under the subheading “Abnormal U-Col4CR was a significant independent risk factor for 10% of eGFR change per year in group 4” in the Results section were incorrectly included in the Table 4 caption. The publisher apologizes for the error. Please download this article again to view the corrected version. The originally published, uncorrected article and the republished, corrected article are provided here for reference.

Supporting information

S1 File. Originally published, uncorrected article.

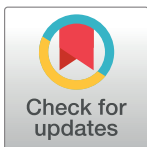
(PDF)

S2 File. Republished, corrected article.

(PDF)

Reference

1. Kishi F, Nagai K, Takamatsu N, Tominaga T, Tamaki M, Shibata E, et al. (2018) Urinary type IV collagen excretion is involved in the decline in estimated glomerular filtration rate in the Japanese general population without diabetes: A 5-year observational study. *PLoS ONE* 13(4): e0195523. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0195523> PMID: 29624611



OPEN ACCESS

Citation: The *PLOS ONE* Staff (2018) Correction: Urinary type IV collagen excretion is involved in the decline in estimated glomerular filtration rate in the Japanese general population without diabetes: A 5-year observational study. *PLoS ONE* 13(6): e0199401. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0199401>

Published: June 21, 2018

Copyright: © 2018 The PLOS ONE Staff. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.