

CORRECTION

Correction: Modulation of behaviour and virulence of a high alginate expressing *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* strain from cystic fibrosis by oral commensal bacterium *Streptococcus anginosus*

Richard D. Waite, Muhammad R. Qureshi, Robert A. Whiley

The images for Figs 3 and 4 are incorrectly switched. The image that appears as Fig 3 should be Fig 4, and the image that appears as Fig 4 should be Fig 3. The figure captions appear in the correct order.



GOPEN ACCESS

Citation: Waite RD, Qureshi MR, Whiley RA (2017) Correction: Modulation of behaviour and virulence of a high alginate expressing *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* strain from cystic fibrosis by oral commensal bacterium *Streptococcus anginosus*. PLoS ONE 12(4): e0176577. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0176577

Published: April 20, 2017

Copyright: © 2017 Waite et al. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.



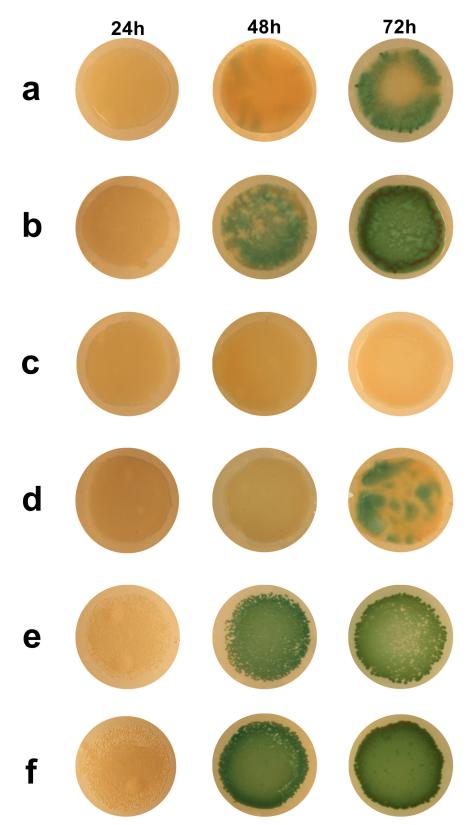


Fig 3. Examples of biofilms at 24 h, 48 h and 72 h. Examples of biofilms at the timepoints examined during these experiments are shown for i) monocultures of DWW2 (Row a), DWW2-M (Row c) and DWW2-NM (Row e), ii) co-cultures of 3a + DWW2 (Row b), 3a + DWW2-M (Row d) and 3a + DWW2-NM (Row f).

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0176577.g001

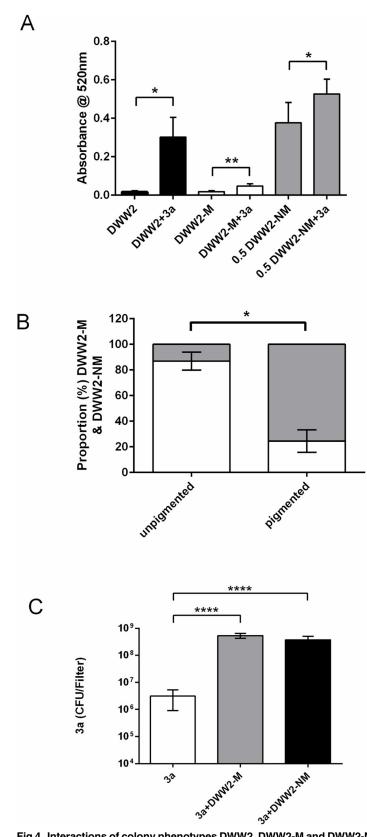


Fig 4. Interactions of colony phenotypes DWW2, DWW2-M and DWW2-NM with *S. anginosus* strain **3a**. (A) Co-culture with 3a results in increased pyocyanin expression by the original strain DWW2 (black bars)



(n = 3 independent biofilms at 48 h) and by the mucoid (DWW2-M) (white bars) (n = 6 independent biofilms at 72 h) and non-mucoid (DWW2-NM) (grey bars) (n = 6 independent biofilms at 48 h) biofilm-derived colony phenotypes. Extracted pyocyanin from DWW2-NM and DWW2-NM+3a were assayed at x0.5 original concentration to enable accurate determinations. Data values are mean and SD. Statistical analysis was by 2-tailed Student T-test assuming unequal variances (* = p <0.05; ** = p<0.01). (B) Co-culture of DWW2-M and 3a gives rise again to pigmented and non-pigmented areas with the non-mucoid phenotype (DWW2-NM) predominant in the pigmented areas (DWW2-NM biofilms in mono-culture or co-culture did not give rise to the DWW2-M phenotype). Data values are means and SD (n = 4 independent biofilms at 72 h). Statistical analysis of the data was by two-tailed Mann-Whitney U test. (C) Co-culturing 3a with either DWW2-M or DWW2-NM results in significantly increased numbers of 3a as observed for co-culture between 3a and the original mucoid strain DWW2. Data values are means and SD (n = 6 independent biofilms at 24 h). Statistical analysis of the data was by one-way ANOVA with Dunnet's multiple comparison test between 3a in monoculture (control) and co-cultures (**** = p<0.0001).

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0176577.g002

Reference

 Waite RD, Qureshi MR, Whiley RA (2017) Modulation of behaviour and virulence of a high alginate expressing *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* strain from cystic fibrosis by oral commensal bacterium *Strepto-coccus anginosus*. PLoS ONE 12(3): e0173741. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0173741 PMID: 28301571