

CORRECTION

Correction: Circulating Betatrophin Levels and Gestational Diabetes Mellitus: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis

The *PLOS ONE* Staff

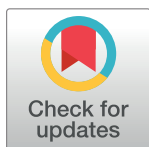
The fifth sentence of the first paragraph under the subheading “Characteristics and quality assessment of study” in the Results section should have cited reference 19 in addition to references 14 and 20. The publisher apologizes for the error.

The correct sentence should read: “Three of the included studies involved in the GDM women with BMI < 28 kg/m² [14, 19, 20], and the rest five with BMI ≥ 28 kg/m² [13, 15–18].”

Reference 19 is: Huang Y, Fang C, Ma Z, Guo H, Wang R, Hu J. Betatrophin Levels were Increased in Pregnant Women with or without Gestational Diabetes Mellitus and Associated with Beta Cell Function. *Rev Bras Ginecol Obstet.* 2016;38(6):287–92. doi: [10.1055/s-0036-1584566](https://doi.org/10.1055/s-0036-1584566). pmid:27399923

Reference

1. Kong F-J, Ma L-L, Li G, Chen Y-X, Zhou J-Q (2017) Circulating Betatrophin Levels and Gestational Diabetes Mellitus: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. *PLoS ONE* 12(1): e0169941. doi: [10.1371/journal.pone.0169941](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0169941) PMID: [28081192](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28081192/)



OPEN ACCESS

Citation: The *PLOS ONE* Staff (2017) Correction: Circulating Betatrophin Levels and Gestational Diabetes Mellitus: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. *PLoS ONE* 12(2): e0172449. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0172449

Published: February 14, 2017

Copyright: © 2017 The PLOS ONE Staff. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.