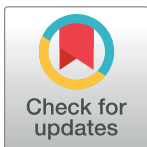


CORRECTION

# Correction: Constitutive and Operational Variation of Learning in Foraging Predatory Mites

Michael Seiter, Peter Schausberger

The x-axis is missing from Fig 4. Please see the complete, corrected [Fig 4](#) here.



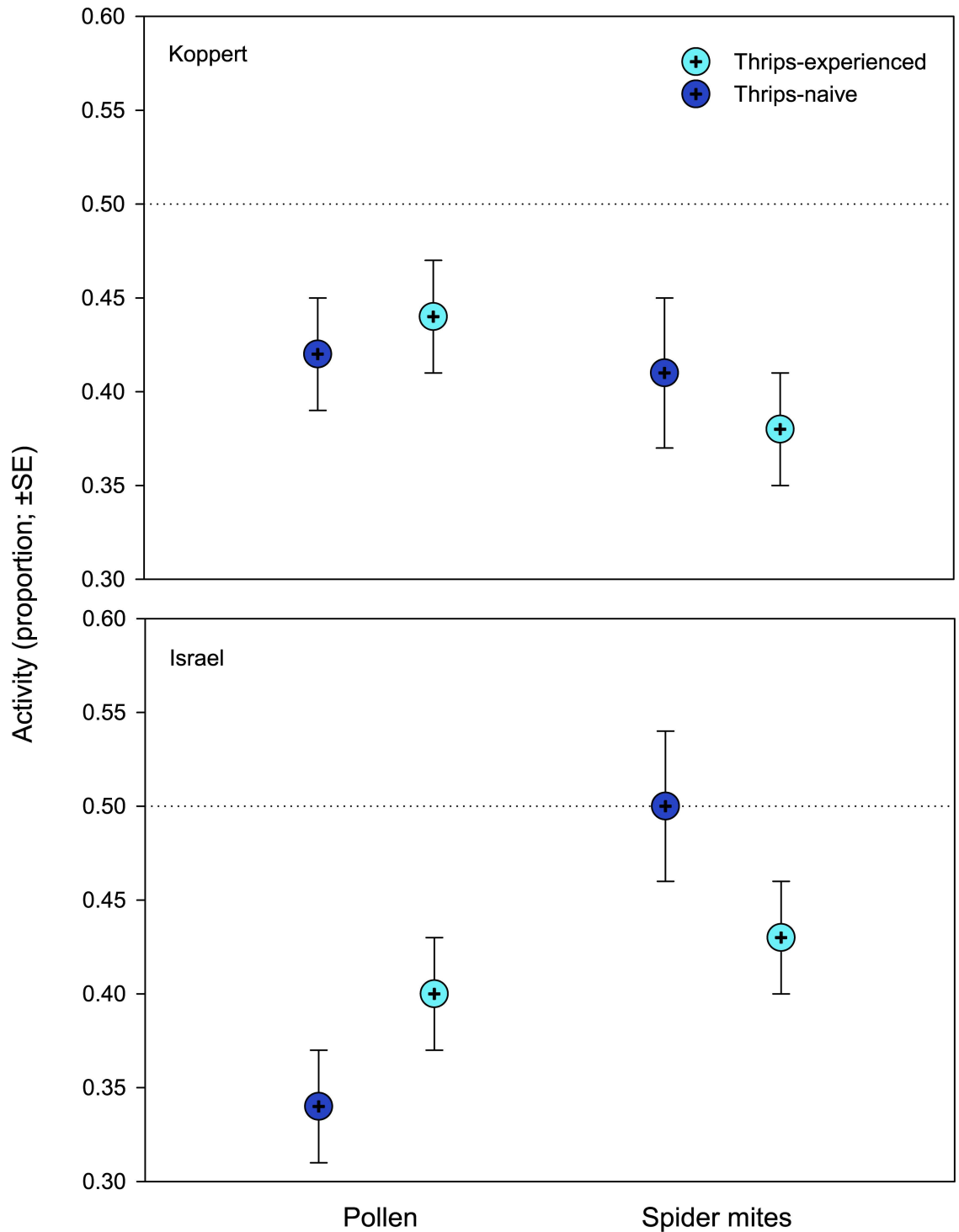
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## OPEN ACCESS

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**Fig 4. General activity (experiment 1).** Proportion of time moving of thrips-naive and -experienced *Amblyseius swirskii* females, originating from a pollen- or spider mite-reared line of the commercially mass-reared Koppert or the natural free-living Israel population, offered first larvae of thrips *Frankliniella occidentalis* as prey. Thrips-naive predators were reared on either pollen or spider mites throughout juvenile development, whereas thrips-experienced predators were exposed to thrips during the larval and early protonymphal stage and received then either pollen or spider mites until reaching adulthood. GLM revealed significant population\*rearing diet and rearing diet\*thrips experience interactions ( $P < 0.001$ ).

doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0171450.g001

## Reference

1. Seiter M, Schausberger P (2016) Constitutive and Operational Variation of Learning in Foraging Predatory Mites. PLoS ONE 11(11): e0166334. doi: [10.1371/journal.pone.0166334](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0166334) PMID: [27814380](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27814380/)