S3 Table. Villagers interview matrix.

Social representations of vulnerability to water contaminations during floods and coping strategies.

Luang Prabang District, Laos.

Main objectives of the interview grid:

- > Evaluate and create a hierarchy of perceived environmental risks inside the village and in the fields
- Collect qualitative information to determine how villagers feel vulnerable to the risk of water related disease, and which coping strategies adopted.

Themes/ Objectives	Questions
Occupation of the respondent Objectives : 1) Evaluate the socio-economic level of the interviewee 2) Evaluate his he/she has a position in the village	 How old are you? How many children do you have? Do they still live in your house ? Do they work? How long have you been living in the village for? Are you a newcomer? Why did you move here ? Can you go easlely in Luang Prabang or in other villages ? In which villages do you go, and why? (family, work). Which way of transport do you use ? Do you stand for a special position in the village ? If yes, why do you have this position? (age, wealth, gender, job)
Water uses and practices inside and outside the village Objectives: 1) Get indications on the possible moments and places of exposition to contaminations 2) Contextualize the feelings of vulnerability according to spatial criterion	 In the village Where are the important places in the village ? Are all the water good to drink here? What kind of water do you use, in the rainy season / In the dry season? To drink To cook To wash (dishes, clothes) To take a shower For your animals Do you have water in your house (= nam lin) ? Since when ? Is it expensive ? Is there a place where it is more dangerous to get sick because of water ? Do you go to the river sometimes ? What for? Is there somewhere where it's polluted ? How do you know it's polluted ? In the Fields What do you grow? why ? (subsitance/cash crops) Do you think that your surrounding environment has changed in the last years? Why ? Advantages ? Inconvenients ? Who comes and work with you when you are in the fieds ? What kind of difficulties do you face in your daily work? Are there any special risks regarding your farming activity? If yes,

	 how do you cope with it? In the fields, what king of water do you use? For irrigation/Animals For Cooking For Drinking How do you make a difference between which water is good to drink and which is not ?
 Water as an environmental risk Objectives : Evaluate the capacity of anticipation of risks: shortages or floods Evaluate the feeling of vulnerability towards floods 	 Is there water all year long? What do you do if there is a shortage? (cooking? Washing? Shower? Animals?) How do you protect yourself and your family? Are there floods sometimes? What do you do if there is a shortage? (cooking? Washing? Shower? Animals?) How do you protect yourself and your family? How do you protect yourself and your family? How big is the river when it's « normal » ? When it's dry ? Flooded ? What is the impact of floods on your fields ?
 <u>Water contaminations and health</u> <u>risks</u> Objectives: Understand how water related diseases are perceived Evaluate what are the health practices used to protect from important diseases 	 Are the people in your family often sick ? How did you get cured ? (traditional healer, pharmacy, hospital?) Is it expensive? Are you sometimes reluctant to go there because of money ? Where can you buy medicines ? in the village? In the market? In Luang Prabang? Do you always go buy your medicine at the same place? Why? Why are you getting sick ? (mosquitoes, water, air, meat) When are those diseases dangerous ? How can you protect yourself ? If someone is getting sick in the village, who can take care of him/her ? Is it easy to find people to help you in the village? Are you sometimes sick because of water? Which water? (cooking, cleaning, shower, drinking) Where? (house/village/fields) Which ^period of year? How can you protect yourself in order not to be sick because of water? What can you do when you are sick?