**S2 Table. STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies**

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| Item No | Recommendation | Location |
| **Title and abstract** | 1 | (*a*) Indicate the study’s design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract  | Title & Abstract |
| (*b*) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found  | Abstract (Methods and findings) |
| Introduction |  |
| Background/rationale | 2 | Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported  | Background (Paragraphs 1-2) |
| Objectives | 3 | State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses  | Background (Paragraph 3) |
| Methods |  |
| Study design | 4 | Present key elements of study design early in the paper  | Methods (Study population section) |
| Setting | 5 | Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection  | Methods (Study population section) |
| Participants | 6 | (*a*) *Cohort study*—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up | Methods (Study population section & Statistical analysis section, first paragraph) |
| (*b*)*Cohort study*—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed  | NA |
| Variables | 7 | Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable  | Outcomes: Methods (Outcome variables - Chronic kidney disease section) Exposures: Methods (Exposure variables section) Potential confounders: Methods (Outcome variables - Covariates section & Statistical analysis section, second paragraph)Effect modifiers: Methods (Statistical analysis section, third paragraph) |
| Data sources/ measurement | 8\* | For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group  | Outcomes: Methods (Outcome variables - Chronic kidney disease section & Covariates section)Exposures: Methods (Exposure variables section) |
| Bias | 9 | Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias | Methods (Study population, first paragraph & Exposure variables, second paragraph & Outcome variables, Chronic kidney disease section, first paragraph) |
| Study size | 10 | Explain how the study size was arrived at | Methods (Study population section) & Supplementary Figure S1 |
| Quantitative variables | 11 | Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why  | Methods (Exposure variables section & Outcome variables section) |
| Statistical methods | 12 | (*a*) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding  | Methods (Statistical analysis section) |
| (*b*) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions  | Methods (Statistical analysis section, second and third paragraphs) |
| (*c*) Explain how missing data were addressed  | Methods (Outcome variables - Covariates section, first paragraph & Discussion, Strengths & Limitations section, fourth paragraph) |
| (*d*) *Cohort study*—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed *Case-control study*—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed*Cross-sectional study*—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy | Methods (Study population section & Statistical analysis section, first paragraph) |
| (*e*) Describe any sensitivity analyses  | Methods (Statistical analysis section, third paragraph) |
| Results |  |
| Participants | 13\* | (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed  | Methods (Statistical analysis section) & Supplementary Figure S1 |
| (b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage  | Methods (Study population section & Statistical analysis section, first and third paragraphs) & Supplementary Figure S1 |
| (c) Consider use of a flow diagram  | Supplementary Figure S1 |
| Descriptive data | 14\* | (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders  | Results (Paragraphs 1-3) & Table 1 |
| (b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest  | Results, Table 1 |
| (c) *Cohort study*—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount) | Results (Paragraphs 1 & 3) |
| Outcome data | 15\* | *Cohort study*—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time  | Results (Paragraph 1 & Tables 2-5) |
| *Case-control study—*Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure | NA |
| *Cross-sectional study—*Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures | NA |
| Main results | 16 | (*a*) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included  | Methods (Outcome variables section & Statistical analysis section, first and second paragraph)Results (Preeclampsia section, Sensitivity analysis section, Gestational hypertension section, Tables 2-5) |
| (*b*) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized  | Results (Table 1) |
| (*c*) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period | Supplementary Figure S2 |
| Other analyses | 17 | Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses **Page 12-13, Page 17-18 (Table 5), Online Supplement** | Results (Sensitivity analysis section, Gestational hypertension section) & Supplementary Tables S3-S10 |
| Discussion |  |
| Key results | 18 | Summarise key results with reference to study objectives  | Discussion (Paragraphs 1-3) |
| Limitations | 19 | Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias  | Discussion (Strengths & Limitations section) |
| Interpretation | 20 | Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence  | Discussion (Paragraphs 2-6) |
| Generalisability | 21 | Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results | Discussion (Strengths & Limitations section, third and fifth paragraphs) |
| Other information |  |
| Funding | 22 | Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based  | Financial disclosure section |

\*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.