

S1 Fig. Cell type-specifically expressed genes exhibit higher levels of chromatin interactivity in the corresponding cell type. Each panel displays the empirical cumulative distribution function (CDF) of the number of significant pcHi-C interactions for shared versus cell type-specific genes in (A) erythrocytes, (B) macrophages/monocytes, (C) megakaryocytes, (D) naive CD4 T-cells, and (E) neutrophils. The average number of interactions for specific and shared genes within each cell type is reported along with the corresponding two-sided *t*-test *p*-value. (F) The number of specific genes per cell type.