

Internal Representations of Temporal Statistics and Feedback Calibrate Motor-Sensory Interval Timing

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Supporting Text S2 – Results of Experiments 3 and 4

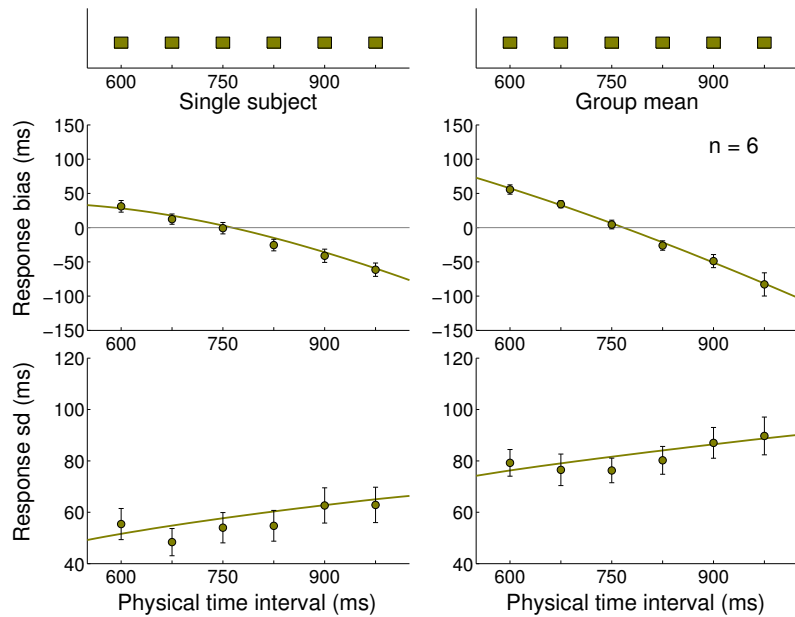


Figure S5. Experiment 3: Medium Uniform block with Standard feedback. *Very top:* Experimental distribution for Medium Uniform block, repeated on top of both columns. *Left column:* Mean response bias (average difference between the response and true interval duration, top) and standard deviation of the response (bottom) for a representative subject. Error bars denote s.e.m. Continuous lines represent the Bayesian model 'fit' obtained averaging the predictions of the most supported models (Bayesian model averaging). *Right column:* Mean response bias (top) and standard deviation of the response (bottom) across subjects (mean \pm s.e.m. across subjects). Continuous lines represent the Bayesian model 'fit' obtained averaging the predictions of the most supported models across subjects.

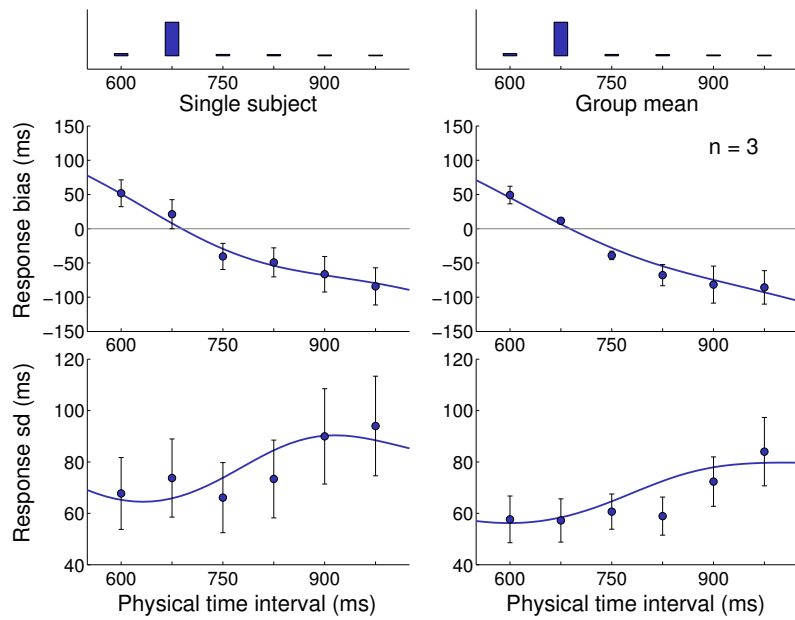


Figure S6. Experiment 4: Medium High-Peaked block. *Very top:* Experimental distribution for Medium High-Peaked block, repeated on top of both columns. *Left column:* Mean response bias (average difference between the response and true interval duration, top) and standard deviation of the response (bottom) for a representative subject. Error bars denote s.e.m. Continuous lines represent the Bayesian model ‘fit’ obtained averaging the predictions of the most supported models (Bayesian model averaging). *Right column:* Mean response bias (top) and standard deviation of the response (bottom) across subjects (mean \pm s.e.m. across subjects). Continuous lines represent the Bayesian model ‘fit’ obtained averaging the predictions of the most supported models across subjects.