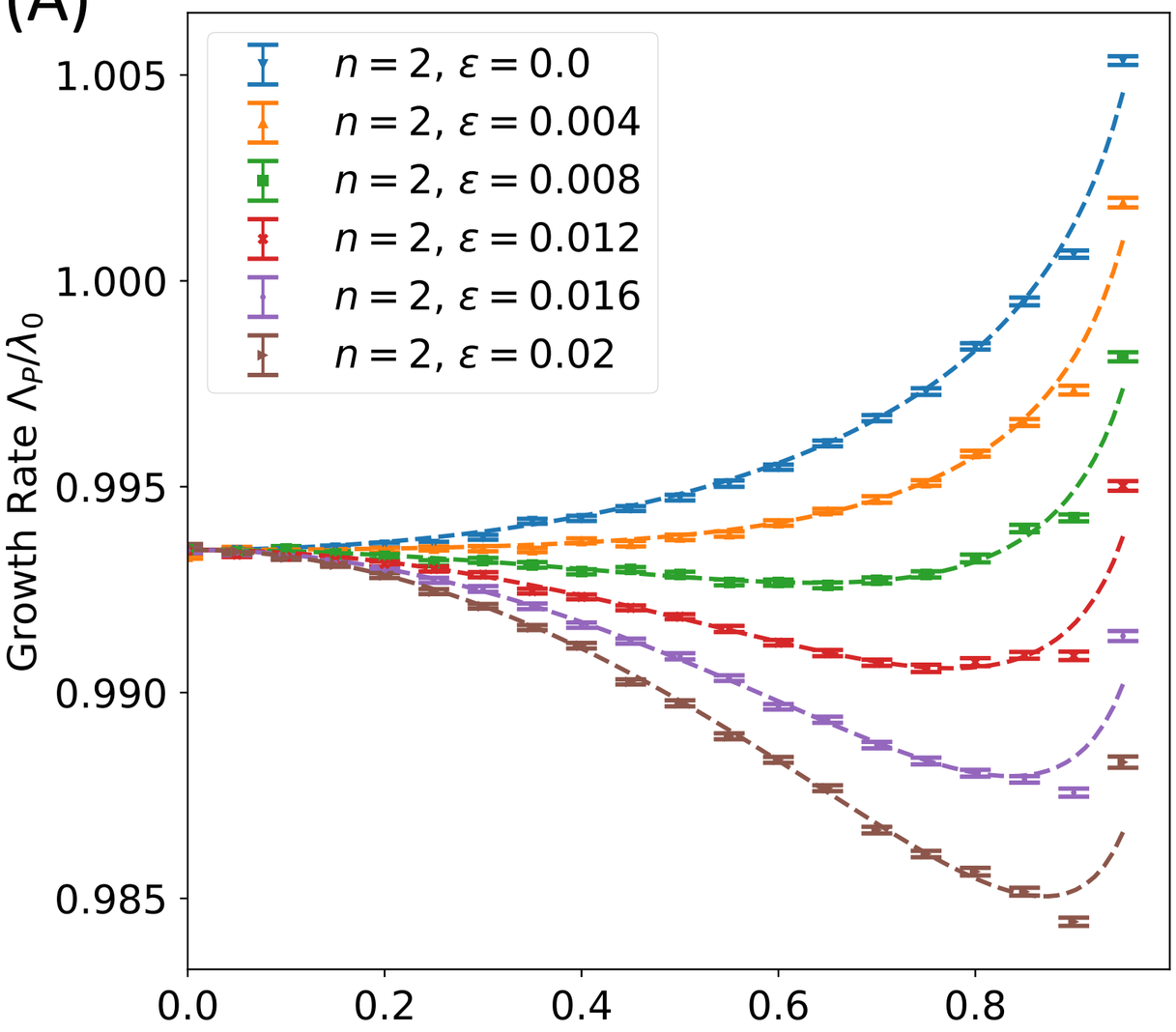
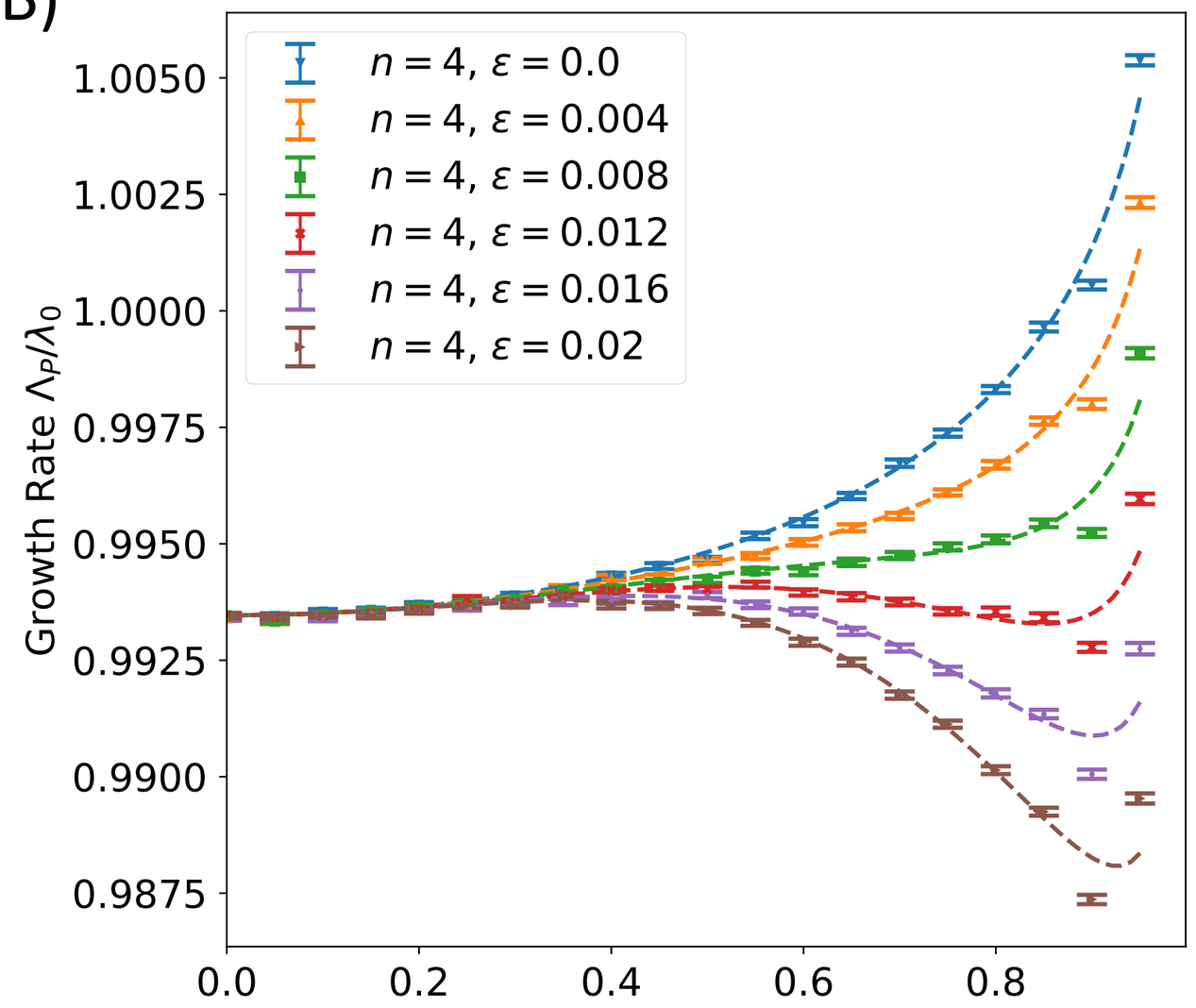
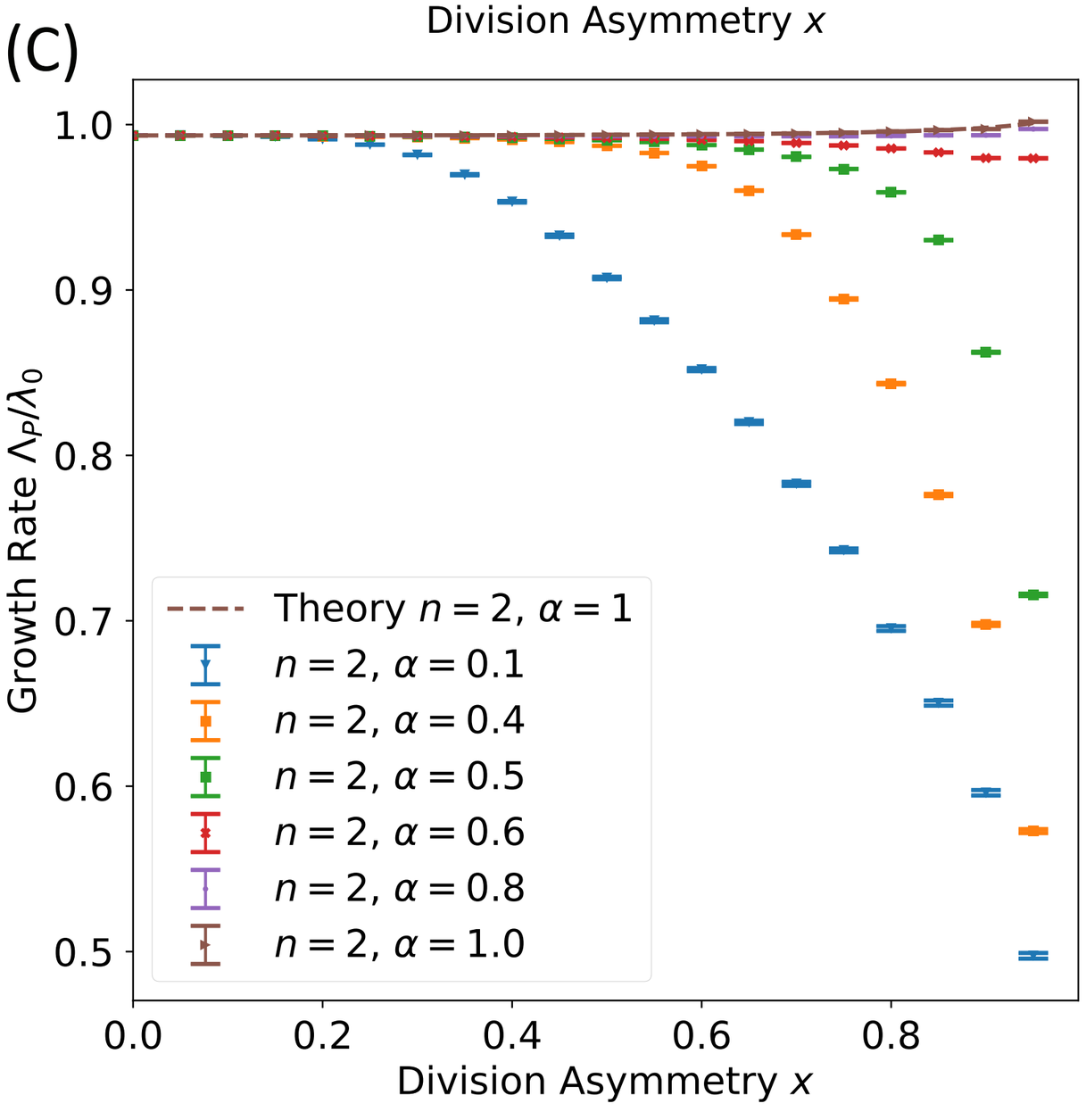
(A)


$n = 2, \varepsilon = 0.0$
$n = 2, \varepsilon = 0.004$
$n = 2, \varepsilon = 0.008$
$n = 2, \varepsilon = 0.012$
$n = 2, \varepsilon = 0.016$
$n = 2, \varepsilon = 0.02$
Growth Rate Λ_P/λ_0
1.005
1.000
0.995
0.990
0.985
0.0
0.2
0.4
0.6
0.8

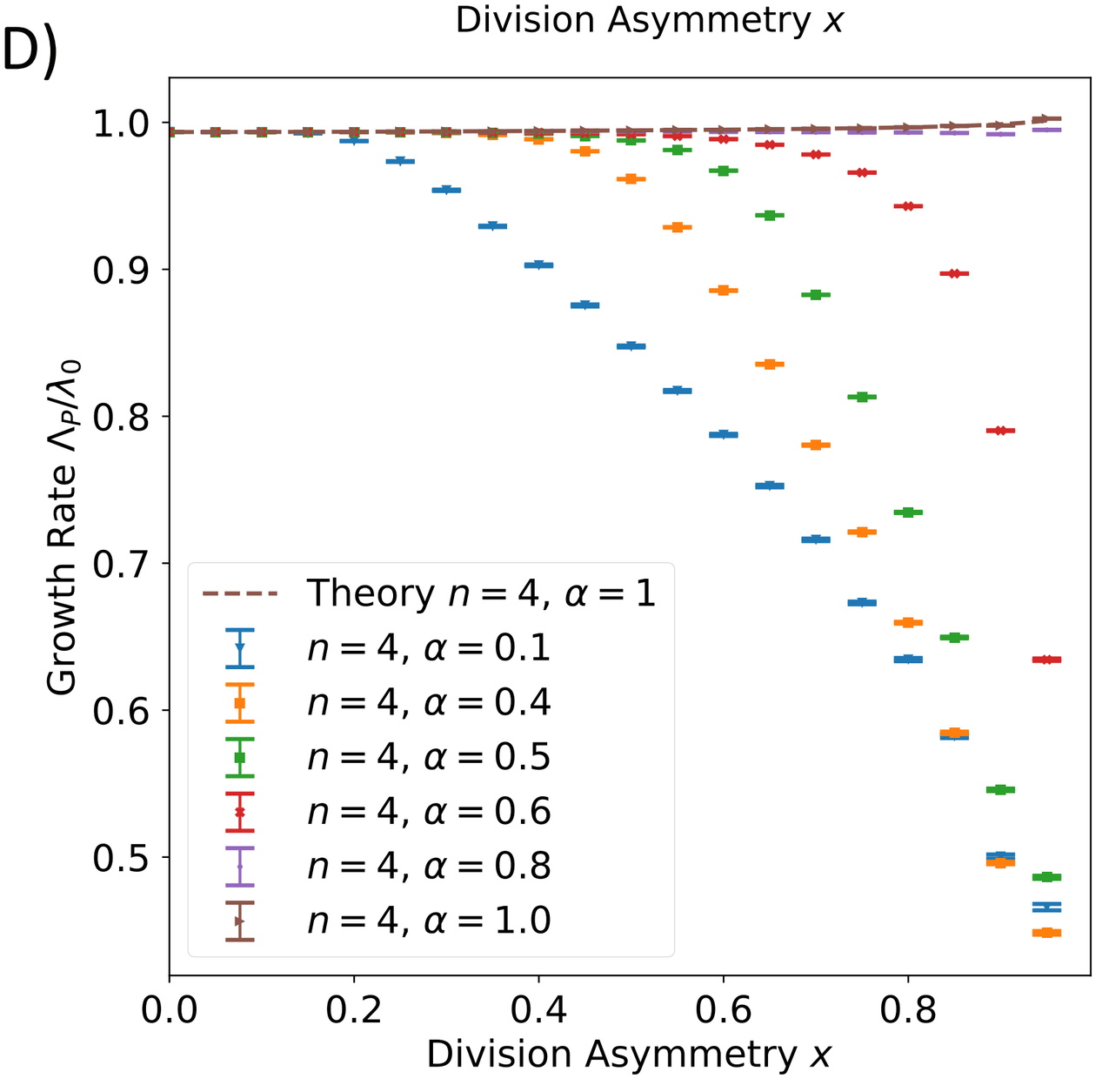
(B)


$n = 4, \varepsilon = 0.0$
$n = 4, \varepsilon = 0.004$
$n = 4, \varepsilon = 0.008$
$n = 4, \varepsilon = 0.012$
$n = 4, \varepsilon = 0.016$
$n = 4, \varepsilon = 0.02$
Growth Rate Λ_P/λ_0
1.0050
1.0025
1.0000
0.9975
0.9950
0.9925
0.9900
0.9875
0.0
0.2
0.4
0.6
0.8

(C)


Theory $n = 2, \alpha = 1$
$n = 2, \alpha = 0.1$
$n = 2, \alpha = 0.4$
$n = 2, \alpha = 0.5$
$n = 2, \alpha = 0.6$
$n = 2, \alpha = 0.8$
$n = 2, \alpha = 1.0$
Growth Rate Λ_P/λ_0
1.0
0.9
0.8
0.7
0.6
0.5
0.0
0.2
0.4
0.6
0.8
Division Asymmetry x

(D)


Theory $n = 4, \alpha = 1$
$n = 4, \alpha = 0.1$
$n = 4, \alpha = 0.4$
$n = 4, \alpha = 0.5$
$n = 4, \alpha = 0.6$
$n = 4, \alpha = 0.8$
$n = 4, \alpha = 1.0$
Growth Rate Λ_P/λ_0
1.0
0.9
0.8
0.7
0.6
0.5
0.0
0.2
0.4
0.6
0.8
Division Asymmetry x