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| **S1 Table** Hazard ratios [and 95% Confidence Intervals] for 1-year mortalitya among 30,799 patients undergoing primary hip or knee arthroplasty, according to alcohol consumption levels, stratified by age-quartiles groups. | | | | | |
|  | **45 to 62.4 years** | **62.5 to 69.2 years** | **69.3 to 76.2 years** | **Over 76.2 years** |
| **Abstention**b | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| **Low-to-moderate**b | 0.48 [0.26 to 0,88] | 0.80 [0.48 to 1.35] | 0.79 [0.53 to 1.18] | 0.56 [0.44 to 0.71] |
| **High**b | 0.28 [0.07 to 1.19] | 1.55 [0.78 to 3.08] | 0.98 [0.47 to 2.02] | 0.65 [0.37 to 1.16] |
| **Excessive**b | 0.52 [0.23 to 1.14] | 1.11 [0.55 to 2.25] | 1.23 [0.63 to 2.41] | 0.91 [0.61 to 1.35] |
| a Estimated by cox regression models, adjusted by age, sex, smoking status, BMI, annual income, Charlson Comorbidity Index, American Society of Anesthesiologists physical status classification, operation type and preoperative use of methotrexate  b Abstention = 0 g/week, low-to-moderate consumption = >0-168 g/week, high consumption = >168-252 g/week, excessive consumption = >252 g/week | | | | | |