Figure S3. Effect of chloro and caffeine on intracellular Ca\textsuperscript{2+} levels. (A, B) Caffeine (10 mM) repetitively triggered a similar transient Ca\textsuperscript{2+} increase. (C, D) Chloro (0.1 mM) induced a transient Ca\textsuperscript{2+} rise. Following the addition of the same concentration of caffeine, a small Ca\textsuperscript{2+} elevation was observed. These experiments demonstrate that chloro can induce Ca\textsuperscript{2+} increases and inhibit the following caffeine-triggered Ca\textsuperscript{2+} elevations. NS: \( p > 0.05 \).