Figure S3. Fit of the recruitment functions to species-specific seed augmentation data. Each of the panels depicts the recruitment function of a species at either (a) three months or (b) 24 months after sowing, with species including: *Pancovia laurentii* (Pala), *Staudtia kamerunensis* (Stka), *Manilkara mabokeensis* (Mama), *Myrianthus arboreus* (Myar), and *Entandrophragma utile* (Enut). The dashed line represents the density-independent (DI) model (fitting $P_0$ and $S_{amb}$) and the solid line represents the density-dependent (DD) model (fitting $P_0$, $S_{amb}$, and $R_{max}$). The level of seed augmentation is a multiple of ambient densities observed in nature for each species during the first year of this project. For all species, the full Beverton-Holt model (DD) provided an improved fit to the linear model (Supplementary Table 1).