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| **Term** | **Definition** |
| Linear Groove | Shallow, asymmetrical and linear mandibular marks about 0.2 mm wide, often overlapping in various directions and most often located on the epiphyses. |
| Bore | Enlarged foramina creating tunnels extending more than 6 mm, entering into subsurface spongy bone and often completely removing it. |
| Quarry Stage 1 | Smooth, surficial patches 1–2 mm in diameter located in epiphyses. |
| Quarry Stage 2 | Smooth surficial patches from 2–5 mm in diameter located on edges and epiphyses. Arcs of bone up to 5 mm wide and 4 mm deep removed from thin and/or flat bones. |
| Quarry Stage 3 | Epiphyses almost entirely removedand mining continues onto the diaphysis. |
| Surficial Mine | Overlapping mandibular scratches remove a thin layer of surface bone over large areas that then have a consistent, shredded texture (Figure 4A). |