# of genes vs # of ovule cDNA reads

- The x-axis represents the number of ovule cDNA reads, ranging from 1 to 101.
- The y-axis represents the number of genes, with a scale from 0 to 5000.
- The graph shows a distribution where a small number of genes have a high number of reads, while a large number of genes have a low number of reads.
- The distribution is skewed, with a long tail on the right side, indicating that most genes are represented by a small number of reads.