

Text S1

Glossary of symbols

The nomenclature follows that applied in earlier models of the homeostasis of erythroid cells [1,2]. No distinctions are made between Cl^- and other highly permeable anions (i.e. HCO_3^-), globally labelled A. Parameters of the Na:Cl and K:Cl cotransports are indexed NaA, KA, respectively, in the understanding that only Cl^- is meant here, whereas for the Cl:H cotransport representing the operation of the Jacobs-Stewart mechanism [2], the A in AH represents any anion that is a substrate of the anion exchanger.

Q_i	Amount of solute i per 10^{13} cells
Q_{\pm}	Net charge on impermeant cell ion ($\text{mEq}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}$)
C_i^c, C_j^m	Concentration of solute i in cell water (^c) or of solute j in extra-cellular medium (^m) (molar, M, for H^+ ions; millimolar, mM for all other solutes)
Subscript i, j	All solutes or any subset of solutes among Na, K, Mg, A, Hb, X, Y, B, HB and H ($i \neq j$ for all permeant solutes: Na, K, A, H)
Hb	Haemoglobin
A	Permeant anion
X	Global impermeant intracellular anion, assumed to be non-protonizable
Y_{\pm}	Impermeant extracellular monovalent ion (gluconate, N-methylglucamine or choline, for instance)
B	Impermeant extracellular H^+ buffer (Hepes-like, in present simulation)
HB	Protonized form of extracellular H^+ buffer
K_B	Dissociation constant of extracellular H^+ buffer (M)
pH^c, pH^m	Cell and medium pH, respectively
n_x, n_{Hb}	Mean net charge on X and Hb, respectively ($\text{Eq}(\text{mol})^{-1}$).
pI	Isoelectric pH of Hb
a	Slope of the proton titration curve of Hb ($\text{Eq}(\text{mol})^{-1}$)[3,4]
f_{Hb}	Osmotic coefficient of Hb ($\text{osmol}(\text{mol})^{-1}$)
b, c	Virial coefficients of linear and quadratic terms, in f_{Hb} equation [5]
z_i, F, R, T, E_m	Valence of ion i , Faraday constant, gas constant, absolute temperature and membrane potential (mV), respectively
E_i	Equilibrium potential of ion i (mV)
I_i	Electrodifusional current across cell membrane ($\mu\text{A}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}$)
Φ_i	Total flux of permeant solute i ($\text{mmol}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}$)
$Y^{\text{Hb}}(t)$	Hb consumption
$Y_{\text{max}}^{\text{Hb}}$	Maximal Hb consumption (relative to initial Hb content of IRBC)
$t_{1/2}^{\text{NPP}}$	Half-time of NPP induction curve (h)
$t_{1/2}^{\text{Hb}}$	Half-time of Hb consumption curve (h)
s^{Hb}	Slope-parameter of the Hb-digestion curve (h)
s^{NPP}	Slope-parameter of the NPP induction curve (h)
cf	Coupling factor, determines parasite volume growth as fraction of cumulative cytoostomal ingestions
p, q	Scaling factors of integration interval
V_W	Volume of cell water ($\text{l}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}$)
V_P	Parasite Volume at time t
V_P^0	Initial ring-stage parasite volume, assumed to occupy 4% of IRBC volume
V_H	Host cell volume at time t
V_H^0	Initial host cell volume normalized to 1
V_{IRBC}	Volume of infected cell at time t , relative to V_H^0

Partial flux component of solute i ($\text{mmol}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}\text{h}^{-1}$)

Φ_i^P	The Na^+ pump
Φ_i^G	Electrodifusional constant-field channels (G)
Φ_i^{HA}	H:A (HA) cotransport (represents the Jacobs-Stewart mechanism, [1])
Φ_i^{KA}	K:Cl (KA) cotransport
Φ_i^{NaA}	Na:Cl (NaA) cotransport
Φ_i^{NaH}	Na:H (NaH) countertransport
$\Phi_{\text{Na}}^{\text{Fmax}}, \Phi_{\text{Na}}^{\text{Rmax}}$	Saturated forward (F) and reverse (R) Na^+ fluxes through the Na^+ pump
Φ_i^{NPP}	Flux of ion i through <i>P. falciparum</i> -induced new permeation pathway (NPP)
P_i^G	Permeability constant of solute i through electrodifusional pathways (h^{-1})
$P_i^{\text{NPP}}(t)$	Time dependant permeability for ion i through the NPP
$P_{i,\text{max}}^{\text{NPP}}$	Maximum permeability for the ion i through the NPP (h^{-1})
k_{HA}	Rate constants for the H:A (HA) cotransport
k_{KA}	Rate constant of K:A cotransport
k_{NaA}	Rate constant for Na:A cotransport
Φ_W	water flux across cell membrane ($\text{l}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}\text{h}^{-1}$)
Dt	Integration interval
DV_W	Hb consumption-induced change in the volume of cell water per unit original volume of cells during one integration interval ($\text{l}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}$)
DV'	Homeostasis-induced change in host cell volume per unit original volume of cells during one integration interval ($\text{l}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}$)
DQ_i	Change in the intracellular amount of solute i during one integration interval ($\text{mmol}(10^{13}\text{cells})^{-1}$)
r_A, r_H	Ratio between external and internal permeant anion concentrations (r_A) or between internal and external hydrogen ion concentrations (r_H)

Superscripts (o, t and $t-Dt$ on a variable indicate the value of that variable in the original reference steady state (o), at any subsequent time (t), or at the preceding integration interval ($t-Dt$). The absence of a time-indicating superscript on any variable is equivalent to the superscript t . t_n is the n -th iteration in the numerical computation such that $t_{n+1} = t_n + Dt$

Model equations

Reference State isotonicity

$$f_{Hb} \cdot C_{Hb}^c + C_{Na}^c + C_K^c + C_{Mg}^c + C_X^c + C_A^c = C_{Na}^m + C_A^m + C_B^m + C_Y^m \quad (1)$$

Reference State electroneutrality

$$Q_{Na}^0 + Q_K^0 + Q_{Mg}^0 - Q_A^0 - Q_-^0 = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$C_{HB}^m = B \cdot \frac{C_H^m}{K_B + C_H^m} \quad (3)$$

H^+ buffer behavior of Hb [3–5]

$$n_{Hb} = a(pH^c - pI) \quad (4)$$

$$Q_- = n_{Hb} \cdot Q_{Hb} + n_X \cdot Q_X + 2Q_{Mg} \quad (5)$$

Nonideal osmotic behavior of Hb [3–5]

$$f_{Hb} = 1 + b \cdot \frac{Q_{Hb}}{V_W} + c \cdot \left(\frac{Q_{Hb}}{V_W}\right)^2 \quad (6)$$

Flux equations

Na^+ pump-mediated fluxes (dissociation constant values from reference [6])

Forwards:

$$\Phi_{Na}^{PF} = -\Phi_{Na}^{Fmax} \left(\frac{C_{Na}^c}{C_{Na}^c + 0.2(1 + C_K^c/8.3)}\right)^3 \left(\frac{C_K^m}{C_K^m + 0.1(1 + C_{Na}^m/18)}\right)^2 \quad (7)$$

Reverse:

$$\Phi_{Na}^{PR} = \Phi_{Na}^{Rmax} \left(\frac{C_K^c}{C_K^c + 8.3(1 + C_{Na}^c/0.2)}\right)^2 \left(\frac{C_{Na}^m}{C_{Na}^m + 18(1 + C_K^m/0.1)}\right)^3 \quad (8)$$

Net:

$$\Phi_{Na}^P = \Phi_{Na}^{PF} + \Phi_{Na}^{PR} \quad (9)$$

$$\Phi_K^P = -\frac{\Phi_{Na}^P}{1.5} \quad (10)$$

Carrier-mediated cotransport (low-saturation kinetics)

$$\Phi_{Na,A}^{NaA} = -k_{NaA}(C_{Na}^c C_A^c - C_{Na}^m C_A^m) \quad (11 A)$$

$$\Phi_{K,A}^{KA} = -k_{KA}(C_K^c C_A^c - C_K^m C_A^m) \quad (11 B)$$

Jacobs-Stewart flux

$$\Phi_H^{HA} = \Phi_A^{HA} = -k_{HA}(C_A^c C_H^c - C_A^m C_H^m) \quad (12)$$

Electrodiffusional fluxes, including NPP-mediated fluxes

$$\Phi_i^G = -P_i^G \cdot \left(\frac{z_i F E_m}{RT} \right) \cdot \left[C_i^c - C_i^m \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{z_i F E_m}{RT}\right) \right] \cdot \left(1 - \exp\left(-\frac{z_i F E_m}{RT}\right) \right)^{-1} \quad (13)$$

$$\Phi_{Na} = \Phi_{Na}^P + \Phi_{Na}^G + \Phi_A^{NaA} + \Phi_{Na}^{NPP} \quad (14)$$

$$\Phi_K = \Phi_K^P + \Phi_K^G + \Phi_K^{KA} + \Phi_K^{NPP} \quad (15)$$

$$\Phi_A = \Phi_A^G + \Phi_A^{NaA} + \Phi_A^{KA} + \Phi_A^{HA} + \Phi_A^{NPP} \quad (16)$$

$$\Phi_A = \Phi_A^G + \Phi_A^{HA} + \Phi_A^{NPP} \quad (17)$$

$$\Phi_W = P_W \cdot [f_{Hb} \cdot Q_{Hb} + \sum_i C_i^c - \sum_j C_j^m] \quad (18)$$

$$I_i = z_i \cdot F \cdot \Phi_i \quad (19)$$

Maintenance of electroneutrality (neglecting capacitive transients)

$$\sum_i I_i = 0 \quad (20)$$

Time-dependent NPP permeability

$$P_i^{NPP,G}(t) = P_{i,max}^{NPP,G} \cdot \left(1 + \exp\left[\frac{t_{1/2}^{NPP} - t}{s^{NPP}}\right] \right)^{-1} \quad (21)$$

Hb consumption function

$$Y^{Hb}(t) = Y_{max}^{Hb} \cdot \left(1 + \exp\left[\frac{t_{1/2}^{Hb} - t}{s^{Hb}}\right] \right)^{-1} \quad (22)$$

$$\Phi_i = \frac{DQ_i}{Dt} \quad (23)$$

$$DQ_i = \Phi_i \cdot Dt \quad (24)$$

$$Q_i^t = Q_i^{t-Dt} + DQ_i \quad (25)$$

$$DV_W = V_W^t - V_W^{(t-Dt)} \quad (26)$$

Host cytosol volume ingestion function:

$$V_W(t_{n+1}) = V_W(t_n) \cdot \frac{1 - Y^{Hb}(t_{n+1})}{1 - Y^{Hb}(t_n)} \quad (27)$$

Cumulative parasite volume growth

$$V_P = V_P^0 + cf \cdot \sum_{t_n} DV_W \quad (28)$$

$$C_i^{c,t} = \frac{Q_i^t}{V_W^t} \quad (29)$$

Host cell volume at $t=t_n$

$$V_H = V_H^0 + \sum_{t_n} DV' - \sum_{t_n} DV_W \quad (30)$$

$$DV' = \Phi_W \cdot Dt \quad (31)$$

$$Dt = \frac{p}{q + \sum |\Phi_i|} \quad (32)$$

$$pH^{c,m} = -\log C^{c,m} \quad (33)$$

$$r_A = \frac{C_A^m}{C_A^c} \quad (34)$$

$$r_H = \frac{C_H^c}{C_H^m} = \exp_{10}(pH^m - pH^c) \quad (35)$$

References

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