

Figure S7. Statistical modeling of TNF- α -induced apoptosis in the context of MCP-1 neutralization. (A) PLSDA model—based prediction of the apoptotic phenotype in the duodenum based on phospho-protein signaling data from samples derived from animals treated with TNF- α after pretreatment with anti-MCP-1 (magenta) or non-specific antibody (cyan). The y-axis is the numerical result calculated with the PLSDA function of being classified into the "late/low apoptosis" (class 1 - cyan) phenotypic class. The red broken line is the threshold that defines classification. Note that the non-specific antibody control classified into class 1. (B) PLSDA model—based prediction of the classification into the "early/low apoptosis" (class 2 - blue) phenotypic class with signaling data from duodenal samples from animals treated with TNF- α after pre-treatment with anti-MCP-1 (magenta) or non-specific antibody (cyan). (C) PLSDA model—based prediction of the classification into the "no apoptosis" (class 6 - grey) phenotypic class with signaling data from duodenal samples from animals treated with TNF- α after pre-treatment with anti-MCP-1 (magenta) or non-specific antibody (cyan).